The Centre Reporter.

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A WAR FOR DEMOCRACY.

President Wilson's war address to Congress is more than the expression of a Nations patriotism. It is an appeal to every instinct, every impulse, every tradition of democracy.

We are at war with Germany through no fault of our own. We are at war with Germany in spite of every effort on our part to avoid war. We have adopted every advice known to friendship and patience to avoid war, and all have failed. Nothing has been left undone that this Government could have done without surrender of its rights, its honor and its sovereignty. We have exhausted all our resources, but, in words of the President "we will not choose the path of submission."

War it is and every American citizen can be prouder for the lofty idealism with which the President has stated the issues of that war so far as they concern the United States. "The wrongs against which we now array ourselves are not common wrongs; they go to the very roots of human life." We are not going to war against Germany for revenge or for a victorious assertion of physical might, but for the vindication of right, "of human right, of which we are only a single companion."

Preparedness By Farm Women.

"It seems to me that every woman living on a farm or having agricultural interests should feel it her duty at this time to do her part in furthering the preparedness movement by studying her environment and surroundings with the idea that she may be called upon to take up and carry on the business of the farm in case her men are called to another kind of national service," says Mrs. Jean Kane Foulke, farm adviser of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. "To this end I feel that all women living on farms should interest themselves actively and at once in any plans for working or developing the farm that her men folks have in mind.

"Women should go to the farm, the fields and buildings, to inform themselves regarding the conditions of the permanent crops, soil, fences, orchards, etc., the stock, machinery, and general farm equipment. The men should be ready and willing to give such information and instruction. A Sunday stroll taken together over the farm with a pencil and note book in hand when questions can be asked and answered and suggestions made, would be a happy and easy way to obtain and give this knowledge. Even if the future brings no need for women to "farm like men," the men and women who have the co-operative knowledge, this mental companionship and understanding of business of the farm will find that life is richer and more easily carried on, because it is a partnership concern where, as in any other honest contract, the minds meet, and where the proverbial saying 'two heads are better than one' is again true.

"The difficulty in getting farm labor has forced many women to help with the farm work, and if farmers of the State are called into military service, the question of who is to feed the nation will become a more and more difficult one, and the women who have a knowledge and training to enable them to take up and carry on the agriculture of the State will be doing much, if not more in the defense of the nation of holding her honor and strength as the men and boys who may be sent to the front."

The State Department of Agriculture will be glad by correspondence, personal calls or literature to assist any woman or group of women to fit themselves to meet this possible demand.

Auto License Fund for Roads.

The state highway department announced that the revenue from automobile licenses from January 1 to April 1 amounted to $2,147,742, an increase of $734,511 over the same period last year.

"This entire fund is now available for maintenance, and Commissioner Black is pushing the work to the limit in every district in anticipation of the demand for transportation facilities by reason of the impending war," says the statement issued.

Tenting Tonight.

Mary Roberts Rinehart has contributed to the May issue of Cosmopolitan Magazine a brilliant article entitled "Tenting Tonight". In this narrative Mrs. Rinehart tells the story of her wonderful trip to the great Northwestern Rockies, and tells it in such a fascinating manner that the reader's interest is held from beginning to end. The article is illustrated with a number of remarkable photographs taken on the trip.

A mixture of rain, sleet and snow on Thursday and Friday, reduced to water, totaled an inch and a quarter.

MISSING SINCE CHRISTMAS, BODY FOUND ON FARM NEAR CURTIN.

Mystery Surrounding William Sayer's Disappearance Cleared Up.—Body Exposed to Elements All Winter.

The badly decomposed body of William Sayers, of Mountain Eagle, was found in an out of the way spot on the Aikley farm between Mountain Eagle and Curtin, this county, by Mr. Aikley, who was at work on that part of the farm.

A justice of the peace was notified and after an examination of the clothing, decided to forgo the formality of an inquest. The body was turned over to Undertaker Neff, of Howard, and owing to the condition of the same burial was made a few hours later.

Sayers, who was aged sixty years, had been employed as a hostler at the new penitentiary at Rockview. He went to his home to spend Christmas and left on December 26 ostensibly to return to Rockview, but nothing was heard or seen of him thereafter. A search was made for him at that time, but proved unsuccessful. It was thought by some that he had gone to West Virginia to work, and nothing more was thought of his disappearance.

Near the body was found a bottle of horse liniment, but no significance is attached to this circumstance. It is thought that he became ill suddenly after he left his home and died, and that his body has been exposed to the elements ever since.

He is survived by his wife, three children, and one brother, David Sayers, who lives at Marsh Creek.

Newlyweds Spend Few Days Here.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Everett, bridegroom and bride of a day, arrived at the home of the latter's parents, Dr. and Mrs. L. E. Wolfe, in Centre Hall, Wednesday of last week. The bride before marriage was Miss Blanche Wolfe, and was teaching school near Trenton, New Jersey, where the wedding took place on Tuesday of last week. The groom is a machinist by trade and is preparing to take the civil service examination to enter the employ of the federal government. The couple left on Friday to continue their honeymoon journey. The bride will finish her term of school and about August 1st the couple will begin housekeeping.

Potato Scarcity Hits Orphanage.

The potato scarcity has struck the Odd Fellows' Orphanage near Sunbury. The institution with 168 hungry children to feed, not to mention a lot of grown ups with healthy appetites, has been running along, getting closer and closer to the bottom of the bins but hoping againt hope that the price would not remain where it was a month ago.

Fortunately for the institution there has been a decided drop, but no great quantity of potatoes is in sight. It is believed however that some can be obtained in the lower part of the county, where holdings have not been exhausted.

Votes Against War Amid Sobs.

A woman—Miss Jeanette Rankin—furnished the most dramatic part of the most dramatic session ever held by a Congress of the United States. Miss Rankin who is a member of the House from Montana is the first member of her sex to ever sit in either body of the country's Congress.

It was 3:08 o'clock Friday morning that the House voted on the historic war resolution.

As the clerk drawled out the list of names the different Congressmen voted, some in husky voices, all seemed to be impressed with solemnity of the occasion. When Miss Rankin, the member from Montana, was reached, all realized that a woman for the first time in history was about to vote on the question of war.

An embarrassing silence ensued. Miss Rankin rose from her seat and amid sobs stumbled part way down the aisle leading to the Speaker's seat. A storm was raging outside and the claps of thunder could even be heard in the room.

Miss Rankin said in trembling voice and with tears rolling down her cheeks;

"I, I, I want to stand for my country, but, but—I can't vote for war."

Her words were greeted by thunderous and hysterical applause from both Pacifists and pro-War sides of the House. Never before had such a scene greeted such a frank admission—one had to yell and applaud to jam down the lump that rose in the throat. But in the confusion Miss Rankin, grief stricken, had slipped out of the house and missed most of the remarkable tribute paid her.

The west-bound passenger train was three hours late in reaching Centre Hall on Saturday afternoon, due to delay on the main line.

WESTERN HORSES AVERAGE $219 00

Big Demand for Carload of Western Animal Sold by R. C. Yoder at Centre Hall Last Thursday.

What was considered by the farmers to be the best carload of western horses shipped here for a long time were sold at public sale by R. C. Yoder at Centre Hall hotel stable last Thursday afternoon. Twenty-five horses sold at an average price of $219.-00. A team of mules brought $430.00. The crowd was compelled to stand in a mixture of falling rain and snow, but the weather didn't dampen their ardor for bidding, and auctioneers Wise and Hubler had little difficulty in coaxing ten dollar bids from those who cast envious eyes toward the big draft type stock. A liberal sprinkling of Amish from Mifflin county was discernible in the crowd, and they helped to boost the figures on many sales. The highest price paid for a team was $527.50 and the highest single horse brougt $270.00. The purchasers and price paid are as follows:

A. B. Meyer, Team	$502 50
S. M. Ulrich, Team	452 50
S. T. Miller, Team	527 50
George Lohr, Team	355 00
John Heckman, 1	245 00
John Snavely, 1	241 00
George Searson, 1	270 00
A. J. Beahm, 1	237 50
Zimmerman, 1	255 00
John whitmeyer, 1	221 00
Zimmerman, 1	192 50
Zimmerman, 1	252 50
A. J. Beahm, 1	245 00
Wm. McClintic, 1	230 00
C. H. Bierly, 1	106 00
John Whitmeyer, 1	145 00
Joe Sharp, 1	172 50
L. M. Weber, 1	194 00
E. T. Jamison, 1	242 00
Dan Musick, 1	185 00
D. P. Ream, 1	202 00
Average Price	$219 00
Hackett & Meyer, Mule Team	$430 00
George Waite, Team Ponies	164 00
L. R. Smith, Conier horse	120 00

Letter from Johnstown.

Trusting that since "they" insist on having war, that the President's purpose may be largely advanced, as indicated in his message, and that when we have world democracy, that we shall surely have a better kind of democracy in this great America—the kind that was taught by our Master, Jesus Christ, whose resurrection we are about to celebrate as signifying the final triumph of man.

At the time of the Rebellion I was too "little" to go to war—they would not let me go with a half dozen of my school-matee; now I am too "big" several ways—in age (?) and mind. The first english sentence I remember of uttering was, "I won't fight." It was not long however, till I modified that by trying to hammer and choke the "stuffin" out of some meddlesome and quarrelsome mates.

Of course, I believe it's all wrong to undertake to kill by thousands, while it is wrong to kill one being that is entitled by God's purpose and grace to live.

We submit—when and while that is the wiser thing to do.

A man can't be of much account in this world if he loses his head.

Where we can't see the end it is apparently our business to "walk by faith." My! How the preachers used to try to teach me to distinguish "saving faith." Well, I have some notion of faith, the kind that we exercise all day and every day, and I want to contemplate the Infinite God in the might of his wonders open to our sensibilities, and judge that when we shall have existed a million years and interested and entertained by the wonders of His creation that we may still regard ourselves upon the threshold of its immensity. What's the use?

With best wishes, I remain,

Yours truly,

P. J. AUMAN.

Johnstown, Pa., April 7, 1917.

The "Drys" Are Marching On.

Wisconsin brews more beer than any other State with three exceptions. Beer, the advertisements say, made Milwaukee famous. Yet the capital of Wisconsin, Madison, has gone dry, and with it apparently about half the towns throughout the State under local option law.

Illinois distills more hard liquor than any two other States—almost a quarter of the output of the country. Springfield, the capital, has just snubbed a great State industry by forbidding the retail sale of liquor. Duluth, "zenith city of the unsalted seas", where not only the miners and lumber-jacks on their visits but local handlers of enormous freights are supposed to be chronically afflicted with a great drought, has by vote denied it assaugement; Minnesota as a whole has leanings toward prohibition.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

James Toner, as the result of an operation, in the Bellefonte hospital, aged fifty-four years. He was born at Axemann.

James I. Baney, at Philipsburg, aged fifty-four years.

WANTS A CENTRE COUNTY WIFE.

New Jersey Resident Asks Reporter to Help Find Him a Wife Such as His Friend Got in Millheim.—Prefers One Young and Good Looking When Dressed Up.

Mr. Editor:—

I saw a copy of the Reporter in Newark, New Jersey, some time ago and I liked it. A friend of mine got a fine wife in your county at a place named Millheim. She was a farmer's daughter, and a dandy, no mistaking, when it comes to keeping house and cooking. My friend is in the dry goods business in Newark. I think that if I could find a wife as good as the one my friend has I would not hesitate, providing, of course, that I would suit her. My friend wanted me to marry a Newark or New York City lady, but I held up my hands and said, "No, they don't know how to keep house or cook." He appeared angry, and then said, "Then, Saul, go to the country for your wife; they know how to run a house. Look at my wife and four children. We have been married five years and have four children, and I'm making money." I believe him.

I would like a wife who will weigh from 100 to 140 lbs.; she should be good looking when she is dressed up; she should be between twenty-five and forty years of age, with good temper; one who would like a small house and only two people in it, with easy work and all the time to go out she wanted. I perfer one who can play the piano and sing, or one who would be willing to learn. Concerning myself, I am a middle aged man and an not so bad to look at when cleaned up. I am alone and would like a wife who enjoys home life.

Now, Mr. Editor, if you can help me to secure a wife by publishing this letter, I would feel grateful to you. My friend advised adopting this method. When writing, I wish that those interested would enclose a picture and description. Write to P. O. Box 165, Flemington, New Jersey, and I will answer all letters.

College Prohibition Workers.

Hundreds of delegates from leading schools and colleges of this state are expected to attend the annual convention of Intercollegiate Prohibition Association of Pennsylvania, to be held at State College April 20, 21, and 22. In addition to addresses given by some of the foremost prohibition workers of the country, a feature of the convention will be the annual oratorical contest association. Winners of local contests, held during the past winter throughout the State, will compete here for state prize. The first prize is a purse of fifty dollars donated by Charles M. Huston, of Coatesville. A second prize of $25 also will be given.

Some of the principal convention speakers will be ex-Governor J. Frank Hanley, of Indiana, president of the Flying Squadron Foundation; Professor Charles Scanlon, of Pittsburgh, secretary of the National Inter-church Temperance Foundation, and Dr. D. Leigh Colvin, president of National Intercollegiate Prohibition Association.

Spring Mills Commencement, April 25.

Graduation exercises at the Spring Mills High school will be held on Wednesday evening, April 25th, at eight o'clock p. m., in the Grange hall at that place. The class numbers eleven and is the largest to graduate in a number of years. Prof. W. V. Godshall is finishing his first term as principal at Spring Mills, and patrons and scholars alike are well pleased with the result of the year's work. The graduates-to-be are: Misses Edna Elizabeth Bailey, Mary Margaret Carson, Helen Beattice Lee, Carrie Mae Neese, Edna Rebecca Neese, Grace Kathryn Royer, Kathryn Margaret Sinkabine, Catherine Lydia Zeigler; Messrs. Harry Harter Finkle, George Dewey Hennigh, Edwin Musser.

The program will appear in next week's issue of this paper.

Will be Better Lighted.

Since the State-Centre Electric Company has extended its services into Centre Hall, a large number of residents have become dissatisfied with the old system of lighting and have adopted the better, or rather the best—electricity. Among those who most recently contracted for the new light are merchant W. O. Odenkirk, J. T. Potter, J. L. Tressler, F. P. Geary and J. H. Puff.

Probated Bounty Claims.

Game Protector Charles Batchelor, of Philipsburg, last week in three days, probated bounty claims aggregating $193 in Bellefonte, Howard, State College and Millheim, the sum being paid out as follows: 49 foxes at $2.00; 63 weasles at $1.00; 5 wild cats at $6.00; and 2 minks $1.00. This is the last spring trip in Centre county for probating.

DAVID L. KERR DEAD.

Veteran of the Civil War Passes Away at His Home in Centre Hall, Aged Eighty Years.—Other Deaths.

David L. Kerr, one of the oldest residents of Centre Hall, passed away at his home last Friday near the noon hour, after an illness covering a period of two years, with cancer. For the past two weeks he had been confined to bed and being unable to take nourishment of any kind other than liquid he gradually weakened until death overtook him.

The deceased was a son of Alexander and Mary Ann (Love) Kerr, and was born at the Kerr homestead, now owned by J. H. McCool, near Centre Hill, on May 23rd, 1836, hence was aged eighty years, ten months and thirteen days. He followed farming all his life, the only period of interruption being during the days of the war between the States when he enlisted as a member of Co. D, 148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, on August 28, 1862. He was appointed corporal of his company at the time of his enlistment and fought valiantly. At the battle of Chancellorsville he was severely wounded when he was shot through the neck, missing death by a close margin. He was taken to the Alexandria hospital and upon his recovery was given an honorable discharge from active service.

About ten years ago he became a resident of Centre Hall and lived a quiet life.

Mr. Kerr was married three times, his first wife being Miss Sallie Spangler, his second wife Miss Susan Neff, and his third wife Mrs. Aaron Spangler, the former two having preceded him to the grave. Besides the widow, there survives one sister—Mrs. Mary J. Odenkirk, of Centre Hall. No children were born to any of the three unions.

Funeral services were held on Tuesday morning at his late home by Rev. J. C. Still, assisted by Rev. W. H. Williams. The funeral cortege then proceeded to the Zion hill cemetery, near Tusseyville, where burial was made beside the body of his first wife.

Mrs. Samuel Long died at the Bellefonte hospital on Sunday morning, following an operation for gall stones. The body was sent to her home in Spring Mills and funeral services will be held this (Thursday) morning, burial to be made in the Union cemetery at Farmers Mills. Rev. Miller, of the United Evangelical church, of which the deceased was a consistent member, will officiate. Mrs. Long before marriage was Miss Ellen Corman, and was born sixty-four years and eight months ago. Besides the husband a family of five children survive, namely, Mrs. Ammon Decker, of Spring Mills; Mrs. Allen Burrell, of Millheim; George Long, of Madisonburg; Morris Long, of Potters Mills, and Gardner Long, of Spring Mills. Also one brother and two sisters—Andrew Corman, Mrs. John Horner, of Spring Mills, and Mrs. George Garbrick, of Boalsburg. Her kind neighborly acts and helping hand will be sadly missed in the community in which she lived.

Charles Wolfe died at the home of his father-in-law, George Kiester, in Aaronsburg, on Saturday morning at eight o'clock. Dropsy, from which he had been a sufferer for the past year, was the cause of his death. He was aged forty-two years and was a farmer by occupation. His wife, who was Miss Lottie Kiester, and one son—Hile Wolfe—survive.

Funeral services were held on Wednesday morning, and burial made in Aaronsburg, Rev. M. D. Geesey, of the Lutheran church, of which the deceased was a member, officiating.

Mrs. Sarah J. Snyder, widow of Soloman G. Snyder, died at her home in Gregg township last Friday a week ago, aged seventy-four years, two months and fourteen days. The husband and one son preceded her to the grave. Two sons living in Gregg township, and one daughter, Mrs. J. T. Eisenhuth, of Renovo, survive. Funeral services were conducted Monday.

Mrs. Edith E. Van Roskirk, a sister of Clark Yeater, of Spring Mills, died at the home of her father-in-law, at Selinsgrove, on Sunday evening after a lingering illness, aged forty-two years. She was buried at Painterville, Mifflin county, on Wednesday.

Extending Electric Light Line.

The section about Oak Hall station is to be served by the State-Centre Electric Company for both lighting and power purposes, a spur having been built to that point from the main line at Lemont. The new light will be used by about a dozen residents in that section, the wiring now being in progress.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Miss May V. Rhone, of Harrisburg, was home over Easter.

Druggist H. L. Kline spent Easter at his home in State College.

The personal property of the late Miss Catherine Flisher was sold at public sale Saturday.

There was enough snow on the ground on Sunday to warrant calling it a "white Easter."

Robert Meyer, of Altoona, is spending a short time with his parents, Prof. and Mrs. P. H. Meyer.

Mrs. Emma Young, of Boalsburg, and daughter, Miss Bessie Young, of State College, were in Centre Hall on Saturday to visit the milliner, Mrs. Lucy Henney.

D. Geiss Wagner, who recently became a citizen of Centre Hall borough, became an auto owner last week, having purchased a Ford from the Boozer & Smith firm.

A handsome Victrola was placed on trial in the local Masonic fraternity's club room a short time ago, and it is altogether likely that the instrument will remain a permanent fixture.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smeltzer, of Pleasant Gap, celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary last Tuesday a week ago. Mrs. Smeltzer was formerly Miss Anna Kaup, of Haines township.

Misses Ruth Smith and Ida Sweetwood, students at the Bloomsburg State Normal School, and Henry Mitterling, a "Penn State" student, are enjoying the Easter vacation period at home.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, who had been confined to the house for several months, has regained his old-time vigor, and on Sunday was a communicant at the celebration of the Lord's Supper, held in the Lutheran church.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Baird formerly of near Centre Hall, now residents of State College, are visiting their son, Prof. Lester E. Baird, at Buckingham, in the eastern part of the state, where he is principal of the public schools at that place.

Postmaster Jacob Meyer, of Boalsburg, spent Saturday in Centre Hall with his brother, Prof. P. H. Meyer, whose condition is showing improvement. While in town Mr. Meyer did not fail to give the Reporter a call and before he left had boosted his subscription close to the year 1919.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer left on Saturday for Altoona where they spent several days with their son, John D. Meyer. They were joined there by Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Meyer, of Reedsville, and other relatives, the gathering partaking of the nature of a reunion.

F. V. Goodhart was called to Bellefonte on Sunday to convey the body of Mrs. Samuel Long, who died in the Bellefonte hospital that morning, to her late home in Spring Mills. The first-class auto service which Mr. Goodhart has instituted to care for deaths and funerals is being appreciated by persons outside of Mr. Goodhart's own territory.

Isaac Shawver and his wife were both removed Thursday evening from their old home on North street to their new residence on main street, on a rolling chair, says the Millheim Journal. Mr. Shawver was rendered helpless several years ago through paralysis, and Mrs. Shawver is nursing a broken ankle, sustained through a fall on the rear step of her residence.

Cyrus Johnson, who lives about a mile north of State College, was very seriously injured on Wednesday of last week. He and Charles Strauss were engaged in pulling stumps when a chain broke and Mr. Johnson was hit on the head with an iron bar. The whole side of his head was laid open from his eye backward, fracturing the skull and seriously injuring an eye. Dr. W. S. Glenn was summoned. He found Mr. Johnson conscious but had him taken at once to the hospital at Bellefonte.

The only way to break up thieving is to cripple the thief. This came nearly being done by William Stoner who the other night stood gun in hand ready for a thief to emerge from a particular door in his barn, but fortunately for the thieves they left by another route after they had bagged some corn. Mr. Stoner fell asleep in the kitchen and did not awaken until midnight, and while preparing to retire heard noise at the barn. He investigated and found two thieves at his corn. He returned to the house for his gun and was accompanied by his wife to a point of vantage to fire, but his calculations miscarried as stated above. It is given out that Mr. Stoner is pretty certain who his visitors were, having identified them from the conversation heard.

REVENUES FORCE ADDED TAXES

Coal, Gas, Oil Inhertances, Laundering, Manufacturing Sources of Assessment.

IMMENSE STATE EXPENSES

Legislature Will Probe Officials as to Departmental Expenditures—One Bill Provides for a Constitutional Grading.

—Harrisburg.

The General Appropriation Bill carrying the funds for the conduct of the State government for two years commencing with next June, was presented to the House in preliminary form and accompanied by proposed revenue raising bills which will provide for an estimated increase of the revenues to the extent of about 12 million dollars a year, if they are enacted.

The general bill will be immediately sent to the Appropriations Committee to complete and it will inaugurate its own hearings, which will include quizzing of some department heads while the revenue measures will be considered and held awaiting developments.

The general bill will carry between forty-two and forty-four millions. It will represent what the Economy and Efficiency Commission has agreed upon and where the commission has not had time to go into everything the estimates will be put in as more. the total of the estimates is sixty-five millions. Last session the general appropriations were forty millions. The committee will likely call some-department chiefs to ask why money is needed and whether attaches were employed on political business the last year and a half with the bills paid by the state.

A summary of the new revenue measure is as follows, so far as prepared:

Would Amend Constitution

One proposes an amendment to Section 1, Article 9, of the Constitution, by which subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes. The amendment would read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial limits of authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual purposes of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity. This amendment would be voted on by the next Legislature and submitted to the people at the general election following, if passed by the Legislature.

A direct inheritance tax provides that, after proper appraisement, a tax of 2 per cent. shall be taken on the clear value of estates real, personal or mixed, situated within the Commonwealth owned by decedents, whether they were residents of the state or not, no matter to what direct heirs they may be devised. The tax also would be imposed on estates outside of the Commonwealth owned by residents of Pennsylvania. A discount of 5 per cent. is allowed for payment of the tax within three months after the decedent's death. The bill in no way conflicts with the collateral inheritance tax, in that it applies to direct heirs only, including father, mother, husband, wife, children, lineal descendants born in lawful wedlock, children of a former husband or wife, or the wife or widow of the son of a decedent, or adopted children. The tax operates also on illegitimate heirs, their spouses or relicts.

Coal Tax for Highways.

A State tax on coal dedicates half of the amount realized to the constructions, maintenaince, improvement and repair of State and State-aid highways. It provides that an annual tax of 2 per cent. shall be imposed on the value of each ton of coal when prepared for market, which shall be imposed at the time when the coal has been mined or washed and is ready for shipment or market.

The mine superintendent is charged with the duty of reporting the amount on blanks prepared by the Auditor General, and these reports must be filed with the Auditor General, the repoting official getting 1 per cent. of the sum collected. If the mine superintendent shall fail or refuse to make such report, the Auditor General has the right to appoint a person to make the assessment, and the mine books and records may be demanded to aid in such reports.

Eye and Limb Liability.

Destruction of 283 eyes and amputation of 209 arms, legs, feet and hands of Pennsylvania workers, through industrial accidents in 1916, entailed an aggregate cost of $562,404 in workmen's compensation payments, Commissioner John Price Jackson, of the Department of Labor and Industry, reports. He pointed out that these compensation awards comprise approximately one-eighth of the total compensation payments of $4,224,875.43 awarded for all classes of disabilities and deaths during 1916.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

Patriotic foundrymen at the Florence Iron Works have collected a fund to purchase an enormous flag. They erected a 75-foot staff and had a big demonstration.

In a demonstration at Wilkes-Barre the Wyoming Valley strongly demanded military training.

Broken glass, strewn for 100 yards on one of Hazleton's streets, ruined the tires of many autos.

Every Catholic Total Abtinence Union between Carbondale and Freeland has voted unanimously to answer any call to arms which may be issued by the President.

In a proclamation issued by Mayor Hugentugler, Yorkers of foreign birth are assured that if they go peaceably about their business their personal and property rights will not be invaded.

Two thousand employes of the Pittsburgh Public Works Department, including engineers, draughtsmen and artisans, have offered themselves as a unit to the Government in the event of war.

Pittston's School Board president, John H. Foy, has charged Principal Thomas S. Foley with having falsely certified to a Philadelphia college that a Pittston young man had graduated from the High School.

Congressman A. S. Krieder has announced as nomination for Annapolis Naval Academy, Hobson Wagner, principal, of Myerstown; Allen Howard, first alternate, Lebanon, and Guy W. Moore, second alternate, Lebanon.

Every home in Collingswood will fly the Stars and Stripes under an appeal by Mayor Jack. Those who cannot afford to buy one will be supplied free by the Defense Committee.

Weatherly.—The plant of the Weatherly Foundry and Machine Company, which makes anchors for the United States navy and buoys for the lighthouse service, will be enlarged.

Howard Kramlich, of Northampton borough, who was convicted in February of selling hogs suffering from cholera, was refused a new trial at Easton, and sentenced by Judge Stewart to pay a fine of $100 and costs, about $1,500.

John Sanderson, 70, a farmer, near Roxbury, blew his heart out by pulling the trigger of his shotgun with his toe. He lived with a stepson, aged 11, and invited the boy to sit down and watch him end all.

The last shipment of shrapnel cases for six-inch shells was made by the Milton Manufacturing Company, and its big plant is idle. For eight months three shifts of 600 men turned out 1500 shells a day, and wages amounted to $40,000 weekly.

Sherman Milligan, 40, of Font, Chester county, the father of eleven children, has died from the effects of drinking poison, taken presumably for whisky.

The Mt. Gretna narrow-gauge railway is to pass into history and be sold for scrap.

At a mass meeting, Dickinson College students arranged for military training at the institution.

Through a main representative in Altoona, 75,000 Mennonites have petitioned the president for exemption from military service.

Harry Sisk, of Factoryville, formerly a member of the Thirteenth Regiment, was recently made captain of a machine gun company stationed at El Paso, Tex. The company, recruited at Sayre, and commanded by Captain Sisk, consists of 53 men and eight horses and five automobiles.

The question of detaching a portion of the borough of Mount Holly Springs and annexing it to the township of South Middleton, in Cumberland county, is being considered. The borough of Mount Holly Springs was incorporated by a special act of Legislature, which was approved April 10, 1873.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Indian Refining Co., at Philadelphia, at a loss of $200,000.

The Pennsylvania Public Service Commission was asked by the railroads operating in Pennsylvania to consent to a flat increase of 15 per cent. in freight rates within the state.

Shooting mark with a flobert rifle on the mountainside, 6-year-old Michael Wayne, of Mahanoy Plane, was fatally wounded in the abdomen. He died shortly after at the State Hospital.

Ickesburg is organizing a State bank with $25,000 capital and a garment factory.

Railroads not being permissible playgrounds, George Knelly, aged 14, was denied damages by a Luzerne jury for the loss of both legs under a Jersey Central car.

The Tidewater Pipe Company, handling oil from the West to the seaboard towns, has issued orders to all its foremen to till all the company's land fit for agricultural purposes and grow oats, potatoes, barley and other food products. The corporation declares it makes the mandate purely from patriotic motives.

James City, the glass centre of Elk county, has gone dry through the expiration of the Lepsch Hotel license.

Directors and patrons of the public schools of East Bradford and Pocopson townships have formed an organization to take charge of the offer of $50,000 made by Pierre S. duPont, of Longwood, for the erection of an agricultural and vocational school at Lenape.

Mayor Filbert, of Reading, has ordered theatre managers to display only the American flag, as applause for a German flag on a screen caused a disturbance.

FARMERS TO PROFIT

BENEFIT BY OPERATIONS OF FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD.

Will No Longer Pay Usurious Interest for Money Needed to Develop Their Land—Reduction in High Cost of Living.

The most direct attack that has recently been made on the high cost of living is the announcement of the federal farm loan board that the interest rate on all farm loans throughout the country will be five per cent. A rate of four and one-half per cent on bonds issued by the land banks was also announced.

The creation of the farm loan board has been followed by declining rates of interest to farmers with mortgages to renew. But long-time loans at five per cent on farm lands will seem almost too good to be true in many sections of the country, where the rates have ranged from 8 to 12 per cent, not counting the bonus to be paid to the agent securing the loan. No borrower was ever subject to the lender as the American farmer has been, and the result has not only been seen but felt in the moving of the people from the country to the towns, the decreasing amount of foodstuffs raised for an increasing population and the high cost of living to the more than 50 per cent of population who cannot be classed now as rural.

Cheaper money means better equipment, better methods of farming, more fertilizers, better breeds of stock, and the ability to hold one's products for the best market. Farming life made attractive again, we may count on a larger proportion of tillable land being put under cultivation, upon a larger class of landowners and a decreasing army of tenant-farmers. When the investing public discovers how safe the farm bank bonds are, there will be plenty of money to go around. But for the present five per cent is the limit of interest that the farmer must pay.

Taking the "If" Out of Tariff.

If the tariff commission appointed by President Wilson succeeds in taking that pestiferous issue out of politics it will have performed one of the most valuable services of the new administration.

Tariff making is purely a business proposition. Nevertheless, from the beginning it has been made a shuttlecock for political prejudice and partisan expediency.

"I will vote for your duty on cotton goods," says the senator from Louisiana to the senator from Massachusetts, "IF—you will vote for my duty on sugar." The senator from Montana is willing to hoist the tariff on cotton and sugar to the limit "IF" wool and hides are given equal protection.

So everybody is satisfied except the people, who eventually must pay the tax.

The task that the new board undertakes is not easy. The interests that have profited by tariff injustice will be found still on the job. But the old game of give and take that has been played successfully through successive congresses no longer will answer. Tariff robbers hereafter will not be dealing with officials who are concerned chiefly with fulfillment of campaign obligations and their prospects of re-election.

Wilson as a History Maker.

President Wilson says: "It is much less of an adventure to write history than to try to enact it." The president should know. He has written no little history. He has enacted a great deal of history. It is plain to be seen that he will occupy a good many pages of the histories which others shall write. It cannot be foretold that he will rank with George Washington in the minds of future historians, but it may at least be said that he has done much for the betterment of the American people, that he has acted bravely under most trying circumstances, and that he has not been accused of dishonesty, or shirking responsibility, or of ingratitude.

Why They Oppose Taussig.

The Illinois Manufacturers' association wired Senator Lewis Taussig as a member of the tariff commission on the ground that his utterances prove him to be one-sided and partisan. In view of Professor Taussig's reputation as an economist who has made a specialty of looking on both sides of the tariff question, this is surprising. There are those, however, who consider anybody who does not look upon Nelson Dingley as a canonized saint to be rankly partisan on the tariff question. This mistake arises from their point of view, which they choose so as to make the middle of the road appear 40 miles away.

This Is An Age of Force.

In international relations, force, actual or possible, is what counts. This ought not to be so, but it is. There is no use shutting our eyes to facts. Belgium is the classic example of what the nation that is too weak to protect itself may expect from ruthless neighbors. If the United States should give the world the impression that it was so soft it could not protect itself any better than Belgium did, this country sooner or later would invite the fate of Belgium.

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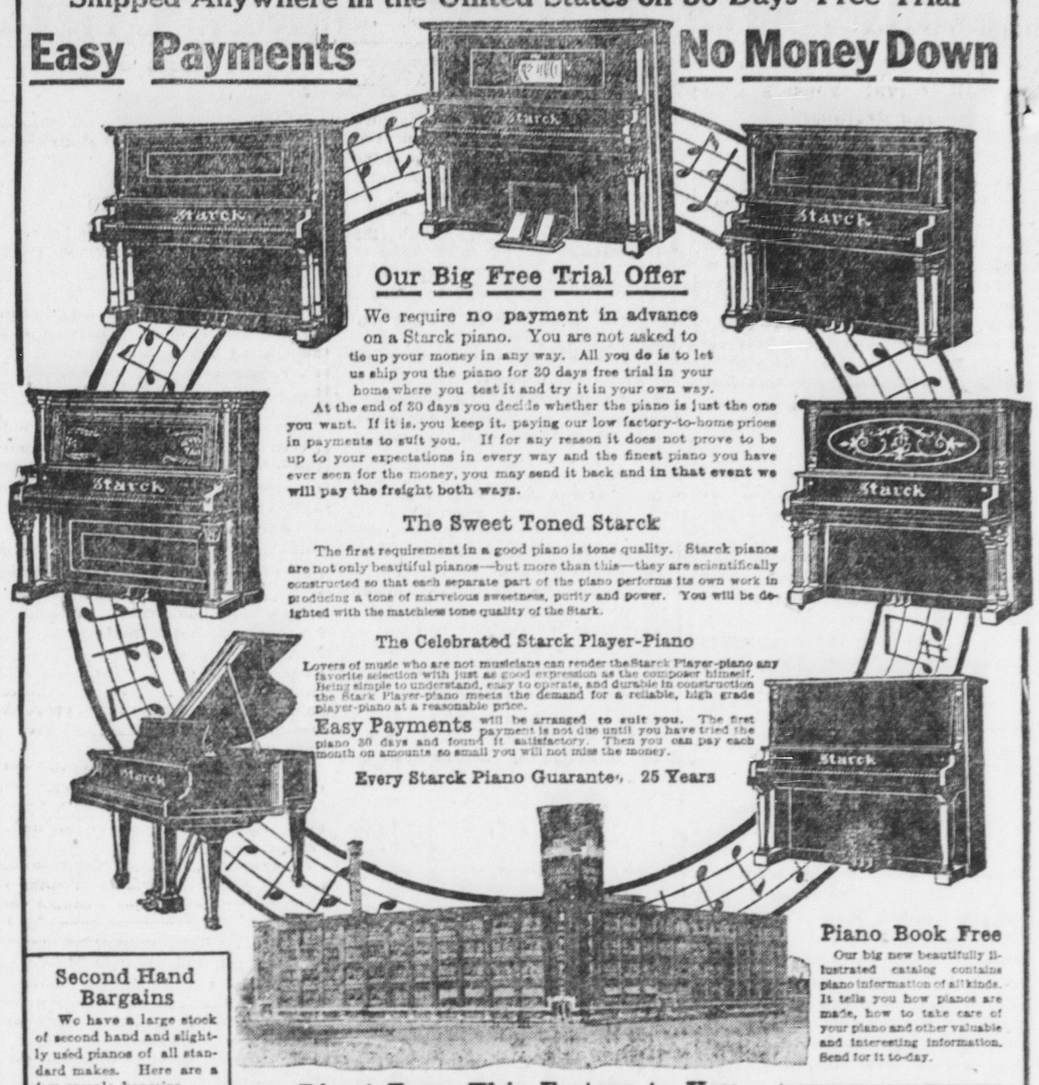

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We require no payment in advance on a Starck piano. You are not asked to tie up your money in any way. All you do is to let us ship you the piano for 30 days free trial in your home where you test it and try it in your own way.

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The first requirement in a good piano is tone quality. Starck pianos are not only beautiful pianos—but more than this—they are scientifically constructed so that each separate part of the piano performs its own work in producing a tone of marvelous sweetness, purity and power. You will be delighted with the matchless tone quality of the Starck.

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Lovers of music who are not musicians can render the Starck Player-piano any favorite selection with just as good expression as the composer himself. Being simple to understand, easy to operate, and durable in construction the Starck Player-piano meets the demand for a reliable, high grade player-piano at a reasonable price.

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Send to-day for our latest list of second hand bargains and our complete new illustrated catalog of Starck pianos.

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Our big new beautifully illustrated catalog contains piano information of all kinds. It tells you how pianos are made, how to take care of your piano and other valuable and interesting information. Send for it to-day.

Direct From This Factory to You—Saves $150.00

Selling as we do, direct from our factory to your home, we are able to offer you low prices that will save you upwards of $150.00 in the purchase price of your piano. You should take advantage of these money-saving prices and send to-day full particulars concerning our factory-to-home offer.

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Every buyer of a Starck piano is entitled to receive 50 free music lessons through one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons are to be taken in your own home at your convenience.

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Please send without obligation on my part, your complete illustrated piano catalogue, also full information concerning your factory-to-home prices and your easy payment terms.

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THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 hard, $2.27; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $2.38; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $2.32 f o b New York.

Corn—Spot strong; No. 2 yellow, $1.33 c i f New York.

Oats—Spot firmer, standard, 77c.

Butter — Creamery higher than extras, 44½@45c; creamery extras (92 score), 44; firsts, 40½@43½; seconds, 37½@40.

Eggs — Fresh gathered, storage packed, firsts, 34½c; fresh gathered firsts, 33¼@34; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 38; nearby hennery browns, 35@36.

Cheese—State held, specials, 27@27½c; do average fancy, 26½@27.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, 18@29c; fowls, 18½@24½; turkeys, 18@34.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat — Car lots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, $2.07@2.12; No. 2 Southern red, $2.05@2.10; steamer No. 2 red, $2.03@2.08; No. 3 red, $2.03@2.08; rejected A, $1.99@2.04; rejected B, $1.95@2.

Rye—No. 2 Western, in export elevator, $1.70@1.75 per bushel; small lots of nearby rye, in bags, quoted at $1.10@1.30, as to quality.

Corn—Western, No. 3 yellow, $1.31@1.32; do, No. 4, yellow, $1.29@1.30; do, No. 4, yellow, $1.27@1.28; Southern, No. 3, yellow, $1.30@1.31.

Oats—No. 2 white, 75@75½c; standard white, 74@74½c; No. 3, white, 73@73½c; No. 4 white, 72@72½c; sample oats, 69@70c.

Butter—Western, fresh, solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 46c; extra, 44@45c; do extra firsts, 42@43c; do firsts, 41@41½c; do seconds, 39@40c; nearby prints, fancy, 47c; do, average extra, 44@45c; do, firsts, 41@43c; do, seconds, 39@40c; special fancy brands of prints were jobbing at 50@53c.

Eggs — Nearby firsts, $10.05 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $9.90 per case; Western extra firsts, $10.05 per case; do firsts, $9.90 per case; fancy selected carefully candled eggs were jobbed at 37@38c per dozen.

Cheese — New York, full cream, fancy, held, 27¾@28c; do do, fair to good, held, 27@27½c; do, part skims, 14@22c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to quality, 23@24c; exceptional lots, higher; staggy roosters, 18@20c; old roosters, 16@17c; spring chickens, soft-meated, 24@25c; ducks, as to size and quality, 22@24c; pigeons, old, per pair, 28@30c; do do, young, per pair, 20@25c.

BALTIMORE. — Wheat — Steamer No. 2 red spot closed at $1.97¼ and steamer No. 2 red Western at $2.01¾.

Corn—Contract opened finer. Spot mixed corn, $1.24¼; April corn, $1.24¼.

Oats—Standard white, 73@73½c; No. 3 white, 73 sales.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, $1.75; No. 3 do, $1.71@1.72; No. 4 do, $1.70@1.71; bag lots, as to quality and condition, $1.35@1.55.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $18.50; No. 2 do, $17.50@18; No. 3, $14@16; light clover mixed, $17@17.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $16.50@17; No. 2 do, $13@15; No. 1 clover, $15.50@16.50; No. 2 do, $13@15; No. 3 do, $8@10.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $14@14.50; No. 2 do, $13@13.50; No. 1 tangled rye, $10@11; No. 2 do, $9.50@10; No. 1 wheat, $8.50@9; No. 2 do, $8@8.50; No. 1 oat, $9.50; No. 2 do, $8.50@9.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 41@42c; do, choice, 39@40; do, good, 37@38; do, prints, 42@43; do, blocks, 40@42; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 28; Ohio rolls, 27; West Virginia rolls, 27; storepacked, 28; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 28; process butter, 32@34.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, dozen, 30@31c; Eastern, Shore Maryland and Virginia, do, do, 30@31; Western, do, 30@31; West Virginia, 30@31; Southern, do, 29; duck eggs, choice, nearby, do, 35@36.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 23c; do, do, small to medium, 23; do, do, white leghorns, 22; old roosters, 13@14; winter, 2 lbs and under, 28@30; young, large, smooth and fat, 25@26; do, poor, rough and staggy, 21@22. Ducks—Young Pekings, 3 lbs and over, 22@23; do, puddle, do, do, do, 21@22; do, muscovy, do, do, do, 21@22; smaller, 20. Turkeys—Hens, 28c; young gobblers, 26; old toms, 24; poor and crooked breast, 20@21. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 35c; old, do, 35. Guinea fowl, as to size, each, 35@45.

Dressed Hogs—Choice light weights, 14½@16c; do medium weights, 15; do heavy weights, 15; do stags and sows, 12@12½; boars and rough stock, 11@11½.

Live Stock

PITTSBURGH. — Cattle — Choice, $10.50@11.25; prime, $11.50@12.

Sheep — Prime wethers, $11.75@12.50; cull and common, $5@7; lambs, $12@15.50; veal calves, $14@14.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $15.45@15.50; mediums, $15.25@15.30; heavy Yorkers, $15@15.25; light Yorkers, $13.50@14.50; pigs, $11.50@12; roughs, $13.50@14.25.

CHICAGO. — Hogs — Bulk, $15@15.25; light, $14.40@15.20; mixed, $14.65@15.30; heavy, $14.60@15.30; rough, $14.60@14.75; pigs, $10.50@14.15.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, $9.10@12.90; stockers and feeders, $7@9.80; cows and heifers, $5.50@10.60; calves, $9.50@14.

Sheep — Wethers, $10.50@12.75; ewes, $9@12.30; lambs, $12@15.35; extra fancy Mexicans, $15.70.

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, $14.50@15.10; heavy, $15@15.15; packers and butchers', $14.75@15.10; light, $14.30@14.90; pigs, $12.25@13.85.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, $11.75@12.50; dressed beef steers, $9.75@11.50; Southern steers, $8.50@11.25; cows, $6@10.50; heifers, $8@11.75; stockers and feeders, $8@11; bulls, $7.50@10; calves, $8@13.

Sheep — Lambs, $11.75@14.90; yearlings, $13@13.85; wethers, $11.50@12.75; ewes, $10.50@12.50.

TOLD IN SHORT ORDER.

Sounds travel through dry air at the rate of 60 feet a second; through water at 240 feet a second, and in steel wire at 17,130 feet a second.

With nearly the whole town looking on, Bessie Norton and Joseph Bowling, of Florence, Col., were married recently on top of a smokestack 200 feet high.

Among the many fine gems that the new Austrian Emperor has inherited from the dead Franz Josef is an opal which weighs 17 ounces and is estimated to be worth about $300,000.

Up to March 4 there had been shipped from the new sugar crop of Porto Rico 106,283 tons of sugar, or somewhat more than 20 per cent. of the estimated crop for the year, which has been placed at slightly in excess of 500,000 tons of 2,000 pounds each.

Weather news is now received regularly by wireless at 270 amateur radio stations located in nine of the Northern and Western States. In this way the wireless operator is enabled to give his neighborhood weather forecast as soon as it is issued.

Preliminary figures from the United States Bureau of the Census give the quantity of cotton consumed in the country during February, 1917, counting round as half bales, as 547,203 bales, compared with 540,733 bales in the corresponding month of 1916, and the quantity for the seven months ended February 28, 1917, as 3,914,866 bales, compared with 3,616,454 bales in the corresponding period of 1916.

PRESIDENT'S WAR PROCLAMATION

Notification That War is on Flashed By Wireless to all Naval Vessels and Stations.

Washington.—Good Friday, of the year 1917, will be memorable in the history of this country, for at 18 minutes past 1 o'clock, President Wilson signed the joint resolution by which this country declares war with Germany.

The instant Mr. Wilson's pen left the paper a messenger rushed from his office and gave the signal to the Navy Department. The next moment a telegram over the signature of the Secretary of the Navy was sent to every naval station and fleet commander in every part of the world where there is an American ship, announcing the declaration of war. This means, of course, that every American ship now has her decks cleared for action for the possibilities of meeting a German submarine or a German raider. The warships of the German Navy are assembled at Kiel.

Defense against the enemy without and within was organized at once. The President and his Cabinet, at their first war meeting, went over war plans of a magnitude such as the United States, in all its history, has never known.

Washington.—The President this afternoon issued the following proclamation to the American people, declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and the Imperial German Government:

"By the President of the United States.

"A proclamation.

"Whereas, The Congress of the United States, in the exercise of the constitutional authority vested in them, have resolved, by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives bearing date this day, 'that the state of war between the United States and the Imperial German government, which has been thrust upon the United States, is hereby formally declared.'

"Whereas, it is provided by section four thousand and sixty-seven of the revised statutes, as follows: 'Whenever there is declared a war between the United States and any foreign nation or government, or any invasion or predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted, or threatened against the territory of the United States, by any foreign nation or government, and the President makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens, or subjects of the hostile nation or government, being males of the age of fourteen years and upwards, who shall be within the United States, and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured, and removed as alien enemies. The President is authorized, in any such event, by his proclamation thereof, or other public act, to direct the conduct to be observed, on the part of the United States, toward the aliens who become so liable; the manner and degree of the restraint to which they shall be subject, and in what cases, and upon what security their residence shall be permitted, and to provide for the removal of those who not being permitted to reside within the United States, refuse or neglect to depart therefrom; and to establish any other regulations which are found necessary in the premises and for the public safety;'

Whereas, by sections 4,068, 4,069 and 4,070 of the Revised Statutes further provision is made relative to alien enemies.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that a state of war exists between the United States and the Imperial German government; and I do specially direct all officers, civil or military, of the United States that they exercise vigilance and zeal in the discharge of the duties incident to such a state of war; and I do, moreover, earnestly appeal to all American citizens that they, in loyal devotion to their country, dedicated from its foundation to the principles of liberty and justice, uphold the laws of the land and give undivided and willing support to those measures which may be adopted by the constitutional authorities in prosecuting the war to a successful issue and in obtaining a secure and just peace; and, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the United States and said sections of the Revised Statutes, I do hereby further proclaim and direct that the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States toward all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of Germany, being males of the age of 14 years and upward, who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, who for the purpose of this proclamation and under such section of the Revised Statutes are termed alien enemies, shall be as follows:

"All alien enemies are enjoined to preserve the peace towards the United States and to refrain from crime against the public safety and from violating the laws of the United States and of the states and territories thereof, and to refrain from actual hostility or giving information, aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States, and to comply strictly with the regulations which are hereby or may be from time to time promulgated by the President; and so long as they shall conduct themselves in accordance with law, they shall be undisturbed in the peaceful pursuit of their lives and occupations and be accorded the consideration due to all peaceful and law-abiding persons, except so far as restrictions may be necessary for their own protection and for the safety of the United States; and towards such alien enemies as conduct themselves in accordance with law, all citizens of the United States are enjoined to preserve the peace and to treat them with all such friendliness as may be compatible with loyalty and allegiance to the United States.

Regulations For Aliens.

"And pursuant to the authority vested in me, I hereby declare and establish the following regulations which I find necessary in the premises and for the public safety:

"1. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession, at any time or place, any firearm, weapon or implement of war, or component part thereof, ammunition, Maxim or other silencer, bomb or explosive or material used in the manufacture of explosives.

"2. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession at any time or place, or use or operate any aircraft or wireless apparatus, or any form of signaling device, or any form of cipher code, or any paper, document or book written or printed in cipher or in which there may be invisible writing.

Must Not Approach Forts.

"3. All property found in the possession of an alien enemy in violation of the foregoing regulations shall be subject to seizure by the United States.

"4. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one-half of a mile of any Federal or State fort, camp, arsenal, aircraft station, government or naval vessel, navy yard, factory or workshop for the manufacture of munitions of war or of any products for the use of the army or navy.

"5. An alien enemy shall not write, print or publish any attack or threats against the government or Congress of the United States, or either branch thereof, or against the measures of policy of the United States, or against the person or property of any person in the military, naval or civil service of the United States, or of the States or territories or of the District of Columbia, or of the municipal governments therein.

"6. An alien enemy shall not commit or abet any hostile act against the United States or give information, aid or comfort to its enemies.

"7. An alien enemy shall not reside in or continue to reside in or to enter any locality which the President may from time to time designate by executive order as a prohibited area, in which residence by an alien enemy shall be found by him to constitute a danger to the public peace and safety of the United States, except by permit from the President, and except under such limitations or restrictions as the Persident may prescribe.

Need Permit To Leave.

"8. An alien enemy whom the President shall have reasonable cause to believe to be aiding or about to aid the enemy, or to be at large to the danger of the public peace and safety of the United States, or to have violated or to be about to violate any of these regulations, shall remove to any location designated by the President by executive order, and shall not remove therefrom without a permit, or shall depart from the United States, if so required by the President.

"9. No alien enemy shall depart from the United States until he shall have received such permit as the President shall prescribe, or except under order of a court, judge or justice under sections 4069 and 4070 of the revised statutes.

"10. No alien enemy shall land in or enter the United States, except under such restrictions and at such places as the President may prescribe.

"11. If necessary to prevent violations of these regulations all alien enemies will be obliged to register.

Subject To Summary Arrest.

"12. An alien enemy whom there may be reasonable cause to believe to be aiding or about to aid the enemy, or who may be at large to the danger of the public peace or safety, or who violates or attempts to violate, or of whom there is reasonable ground to believe that he is about to violate any regulation duly promulgated by the President, or any criminal law of the United States or the States or territories thereof, will be subject to summary arrest by the United States marshal or his deputy or such other officer as the President shall designate, and to confinement in such penitentiary, prison, jail, military camp or other place of detention as may be directed by the President.

"This proclamation and the regulations herein contained shall extend and apply to all land and water, continental or insular, in any way within the jurisdiction of the United States.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this sixth day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-first.

"WOODROW WILSON.

"By the President.

"Robert Lansing.

"Secretary of State."

HOUSE GIVES FINAL SANCTION TO WAR

Balloting Completed After Sixteen Hours Debate.

KITCHIN WITH PACIFISTS

Efforts To Amend Resolution So As To Prevent Sending Army Abroad Without Congress' Consent Defeated.

Washington.—The resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany, already passed by the Senate, passed the House shortly after 3 o'clock Friday morning by a vote of 373 to 50.

Without roll-calls, the House rejected all amendments, including proposals to prohibit the sending of any troops over seas without Congressional authority.

Pacifists Prolong Discussion.

Passage of the resolution followed nearly 17 hours of debate. There was no attempt to filibuster, but the pacifist group, under the leadership of Congressman Claude Kitchin, of North Carolina, the Democratic floor leader, prolonged the discussion with impassioned speeches, declaring conscience would not permit them to support the President's recommendation that a state of war be declared.

Miss Rankin, of Montana, the only woman member of Congress, sat through the first roll-call with bowed head, failing to answer to her name, twice called by the clerk.

On the second roll-call she rose and said, in a sobbing voice, "I want to stand by my country, but I cannot vote for war." For a moment then she remained standing, supporting herself against desk, and, as cries of "Vote!" "Vote!" came from several parts of the House, she sank back into her seat without voting audibly. She was recorded in the negative.

The 50 who voted against the resolution were:

Almon, Bacon, Britten, Browne, Burnett, Cary, Church, Connelly of Kansas, Cooper of Wisconsin, Davidson, Davis, Decker, Dill, Dillon, Dominick, Esch, Frear, Fuller of Illinois, Haugen, Hayes, Hensley, Hilliard, Hull of Iowa, Igoe, Johnson of South Dakota, Keating, King, Kinkaid, Kitchin, Knutson, La Follette, Little, London, Lundsen, McLemore, Mason, Nelson, Randall, Rankin, Reavis, Roberts, Rodenburg, Shackleford, Sherwood, Sloan, Stafford, Van Dyke, Voight, Wheeler and Woods of Iowa.

Cheers greeted the announcement of the result. A few minutes later Speaker Clark signed the resolution.

KEEPING AN EYE ON MEXICO.

Wilson Will Wait Until Carranza Makes First Unfriendly Move.

Washington.—President Wilson will let well enough alone in Mexico, unless Carranza becomes actively anti-American.

This was the belief here, although officials refused comment on the administration attitude toward Mexico, or upon the report that Germany's intrigue plans called for both blows at Texas and British Honduras.

Surface indications are that Carranza will remain friendly, though, as far as revealed, he has not yet answered the American inquiry as to his position in the light of the Zimmerman Mexican-Japanese plot letter.

If, however, Carranzas should develop unfriendliness in any form, the United States would deal promptly and forcefully with him, it is felt.

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92 GERMAN STEAMERS TAKEN.

Government Expected To Use Them. Confiscation Still Undecided.

Washington.—The 92 German merchant vessels in American ports which were taken over by the Treasury Department probably will be utilized in the Government service, but whether they will be confiscated or paid for after the war had not been announced.

Anxious to observe treaty obligations strictly, and move in accordance with international law, officials will examine precedents carefully before deciding.

Officials made it clear that in taking charge of the vessels the Government had acted with the primary purpose of preventing their crews from destroying or further disabling them. Having come under the protection of the American Government, however, they now occupy a status which injects new features into the problem of their disposition.

NO BREAK WITH AUSTRIA.

Penfield Called Home, But Not In Expectation Of Hostilities.

Washington.—The United States will not sever relations or declare war on Austria, Bulgaria or Turkey so long as those countries do not force such a step. It was learned authoritatively that any change which may come in the relations of this country with members of the Central Alliance other than Germany must be precipitated by them. Nevertheless, it is expected here that Germany will force her allies to share her relationship to the United States.

NATION PREPARED FOR CONFLICT

Resources Never Equaled By Any Other Country.

NAVY READY FOR ACTION

Equipment In Hand For Huge Army. Plans Perfected For Throwing All Of Nation's Power Into the Conflict.

Washington.—Actual and potential resources which, all told, probably never have been equaled by any other nation in the history of the world are brought into the great war under the American flag.

Into the balance against Germany are thrown a navy in strength and efficiency among the foremost afloat; an army comparatively small, but highly efficient, backed by a citizenry of upward of 20,000,000 capable of military duty; industrial resources incomparably the greatest in the world already mobilized for public service; and the moral force of more than 100,000,000 Americans awakened to their country's peril and united behind their President with a patriotic fervor reincarnating the spirit of '76.

Nation's Destiny Now Secure.

Although much remains to be done, officials believe the nation's destinies are secure now, no matter how stubborn or prolonged may be the pressure of German militarism or how wide the scope of German intrigue. The slowly maturing preparedness sentiment has borne fruit in military, naval and industrial preparations which already have put the United States on a defense basis not even hoped for two years ago. What more it will do, the President believes, can be measured only by what the Administration finds will be necessary.

The navy, always the first line of defense, has cleared its decks of antiquated incumbrances, has added new units modernized to meet the German tactics, and through the patriotic cooperation of ship and material makers in hurrying to completion other mighty fighting craft that will be the last word in power and efficiency. Authorized but 10 days ago to recruit to the full war strength of 87,000 men, the navy already has almost attained the total. To provide additional officers a class of midshipmen has been graduated three months ahead of its time. A newly-organized coast patrol of submarine chasers is on duty and hundreds of small craft to augment it are under construction.

Army preparations are less complete because of the uncertainty over what Congress will authorize for that branch of the service. The regulars, numbering nearly 120,000 and trained and equipped in a way which their officers believe matches, unit for unit, the boasted efficiency of Germany's best, are ready to respond over-night to whatever call may come. The National Guard, 150,000 strong and hardened by months of service at the border, already has many units in active service for police duty throughout the country and can be fully mobilized on short notice. Without additional authorization by Congress, the regulars and guardsmen could be rescruited to a combined strength of 700,000, and detailed plans for whatever larger army may be authorized have been prepared, and great quantities of equipment for it purchased.

All Resources Mobilized.

Industrial preparations, thanks to lessons of the war and the patriotic attitude of industry, have produced a great, compact scheme of national resources with almost unlimited possibilities. The Council of National Defense, in daily conference with nation's leading financial, commercial, scientific and labor chiefs, not only has worked out a definite and detailed industrial mobilization plan, but has secured the indorsement and pledges of the men who can put it into effect at a moment's notice, bringing to the aid of the military arms of the service the full resources of the richest nation, organized with characteristic Yankee skill and business thoroughness.

SUPPOSED GERMAN ARRESTED.

Negro Who Talked Of German Invasion Also In Custody.

Birmingham, Ala.—A man said to be a German was arrested here by Federal agents investigating reports that Southern negroes are being incited to insurrection. The prisoner's name and the charges against him were not revealed. A negro haranguing a crowd in the negro waiting room of a railroad station also was taken into custody. He is said to have urged his hearers to flee to Mexico because Germany was about to overrun the United States.

MIDSHIPMEN NOW ENSIGNS.

President Also Promotes Many Officers Of the Army.

Washington.—Members of the class of midshipmen graduated from the Naval Academy at Annapolis last week were nominated as ensigns by President Wilson. The President also sent to the Senate the names of many Army, Marine Corps and Coast Guard officers, nominated for promotion.

WAR RESOLUTION PASSED BY 82 TO 6

Williams Compares LaFollette With German Chancellor.

STRONG LANGUAGE IS USED

Kirby, Kenyon, Stone, Vardamann, Norris, Lane and Gronna, With La Follette, Make Up Total Vote Against Waging War.

Washington.—The resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany was passed in the Senate by a vote of 82 to 6.

Senators who cast the negative votes were Gronna, of North Dakota; La Follette, of Wisconsin; Norris, of Nebraska; Lane, of Oregon; Stone, of Missouri, and Vardaman, of Mississippi.

Senator McCumber's substitute to declare the existence of a state of war upon the sinking of another American ship by Germany was defeated without a roll call.

The resolution, drafted after consultation with the State Department and already accepted by the House Committee, says the state of war thrust upon the United States by Germany is formally declared and directs the President to employ the entire military and naval forces and the resources of the Government to carry on war and bring it to a successful termination.

Text Of the Resolution.

The text of the resolution follows:

Whereas, The Imperial German Government has committed repeated acts of war against the Government and people of the United States of America; therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That the state of war between the United States and the Imperial German Government which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the President be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Imperial German Government; and to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Hollweg Outdone By La Follette.

While few voices were raised in the Senate in opposition to war, Senator La Follette held the floor for three hours, speaking in defense of Germany's conduct in the war generally, and particularly, that country's conduct in reference to the United States. in this defense, the Wisconsin Senator, as was declared by Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, who followed him on the floor, went to even greater lengths than did Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor.

In his reply to Senator La Follette, Senator Williams replied also to charges by Senator Norris that the country was being forced into war by "interests" that would make money out of it, declaring it was time that such "lies" should be denounced. In the course of his speech, Senator Williams declared that, once at war, the United States should stay until it became assured the houses of Hohenzollern and Hapsburg would no longer reign in Germany and Austria, and that the Turk would be forced to Asia.

DRY BILL UP AGAIN IN CONGRESS.

Randall and Sheppard Introduce Constitutional Amendments.

Washington.—Constitutional amendments for prohibition were introduced in the House and Senate by Representative Randall, of California, and Senator Sheppard, of Texas. It was announced that in view of the international situation they would not be pressed at the special session.

PENFIELD'S MISSION.

American Ambassador May Be Bringing New Terms.

Vienna.—The American Ambassador, Frederick C. Penfield, confirmed the impression here that he expects to return to Vienna as quickly as possible from his forthcoming visit to Washington. He said he might be gone for three months. His residence here will be kept open.

MISS WILSON TO DO HER BIT.

President's Daughter Arranging Concerts For Red Cross Benefit.

Washington.—Miss Margaret Wilson, the Presidents eldest daughter, left here for New York to prepare for a series of concerts in the South. The proceeds will be given to the American Red Cross for relief work in the United States Army and Navy.

TWO STATE CAPITALS GO DRY.

Springfield, Ill., and Madison, Wis., Vote Out Saloons.

Springfield, Ill.—By a majority of 138 votes Springfield went into the dry column after an uninterrupted wet regime. Two hundred and fifteen saloons will, as a result, go out of business May 3.

SECRET NOT LOST

Composition of Greek Fire of Ancient Days Still Known.

Ingredients Are Said to Be Identical With Those of Liquid Used in Modern Times by Some of Warring Powers.

It is a common error to suppose that the secret of the composition of the Greek fire so jealously guarded by the emperors of Constantinople is lost. On the contrary, it is set out at length in an Arabic manuscript of the year 1225, now in the Royal museum at Leyden, as well as in the better-known "Liber Ignium ad Comburendum Hostes" of Martin Graecus, written five years later and republished in 1842. Its ingredients are there given as naphtha, pitch, resin and sulphur and are identical, according to a scientific writer, with those of the liquid used today by some of the warring nations.

The well-known passage in the Sire de Joinville's Memoirs about it "coming flying through the air like a winged dragon, about the thickness of a hogshead, with the report of thunder and the speed of lightning so that the darkness of the night was dispelled by this horrible illumination," has misled scholars as to the way it was projected. Pots containing it were undoubtedly hurled by engines on board ship resembling the modern —which was also the ancient—catapult; but the Greek sailors of the Middle Ages also used a cheirosiphon, or hand tube, worked by an officer, called a siphonator, which enabled him to direct it on any point he pleased of the enemy's vessel. This was undoubtedly the parent of the modern method.

How the liquid in question was forced out of the tube may still be doubtful but Professor Bury, in the notes to his edition of Gibson, thinks it was done by gunpowder, the composition of which was, according to him, already known to the Greeks of De Joinville's time. This would, perhaps, get over the difficulty of igniting the liquid before it was pumped on the enemy. The Germans, for example, seem to have improved on their model by using compressed air. The ignition was also arranged by mixing with the naphtha an organic substance which will spontaneously take fire when exposed to the atmosphere. But this was found to have its disadvantages. The liquid, once inflamed, was liable to blow back upon its projectors, and had the inconvenience of revealing the carrier of the engine and thereby exposing him to the attention of "snipers" of the other side. Hence it was found to be more prudent to separate the burning fluid itself from its means of ignition. Attacks are now begun by throwing fireballs into the enemy's trenches, with a fuse which lights them as soon as they touch the ground. —Louisville Courier-Journal.

Texans Hail Birthday.

Texans celebrate their own private Independence day, commemorating the signing of the declaration in 1836, which freed their ancestors from Mexican rule.

Texas was in all probability a part of the ancient Aztec empire, and since then it has been under six flags. Spain claimed the country by right of its conquest of the Aztecs, and France, too, claimed it as a part of the territory of Louisiana, with the Rio Grande as the southwestern boundary of French possessions. When the Mexicans gained their freedom Texas became a part of their republic, and so remained until 1836, when the Lone Star banner of the republic of Texas was raised. In 1845 the Stars and Stripes were raised over Texas, to be temporarily replaced by the stars and bars of the Confederacy during the Civil war.

A Man's Work.

The distinction and end of a soundly constituted man is his labor. Use is inscribed on all his faculties. Use is the end to which he exists. As the tree exists for its fruit, so a man for his work. A fruitless plant, an idle animal, does not stand in the universe. They are all toiling, however secretly or slowly, in the province assigned them, and to a use in the economy of the world, to higher and more catholic service. And the man seems to play, by his instincts and activity, a certain part that even tells on the general face of the planet, drains swamps, leads rivers into dry countries for their irrigation, perforates forests and stony mountain chains with roads, hinders the inroads of the sea on the continent, as if dressing the globe for happier races.—Emerson.

Mother Knows Better.

Willie liked to look through the pages of an illustrated history, and had a good memory for the pictures. One day a friend of his mother came in wearing a new hat.

"Oh," Willie exclaimed, "you look just like a witch."

The lady was very much complimented, as she thought he meant she was bewitching, but his mother was much embarrassed because she knew he had reference to a very ugly Salem witch in the book.

Some Support.

"Mr. Flubdub, I am a candidate for your daughter's hand."

"Well, I'm unpledged, my boy. If a ballot is taken you can have my vote."

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1917

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed.—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Lutheran.—Union, morning, communion Georges Valley, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening;

United Evangelical.—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Methodist.—Sprucetown, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening. District Superintendent Rev. S. B. Evans, of Tyrone, will preach at all three appointments. Quarterly conference will be held Saturday afternoon at three o'clock at the parsonage.

Official Statement of
THE CENTRE REPORTER
April 12th, 1917.

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Names of Editors—*S. W. Smith, Edw. E. Bailey*
Names of Publishers—*S. W. Smith*
—Edw. E. Bailey
Signed,
S. W. SMITH,
EDW. E. BAILEY.

Sworn before me this 5th day of April, 1917.
D. A. BOOZER,
Notary Public

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. C. Ripka, of Centre Hall borough, as a candidate for the nomination of Jury Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, at the Primaries, September 18, 1917.

NEWS OF 1882.

May 11.—Centre Hall, just now, is the biggest centre for stage drivers in the state.

Spring Mills and Coburn seem to have more building boom right now than any other localities in the valley. Next they may want to be boroughs.

Major J. B. Fisher is favorably mentioned by some of his friends for the legislature.

Ed. Moyer caught a trout in the stream at Linden Hall measuring nineteen inches.

The Lutheran church in this place has been furnished with a handsome new carpet from the proceeds of the young folk's festival.

Johnny Neff has joined the star routers, having bought Gingerich's mail line from this place to Greysville.

Married—On May 2, Jeremiah Weaver, of Gregg township, and Sara File, of Centre county, at the residence of Daniel Ripka.

It's the enemy within our gates who will give us the greatest trouble.

Signing up with Uncle Sam this spring promises to be more popular than giving your name to the manager of some baseball club.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will make its second effort to secure the repeal of the "full crew" law which Governor Brumbaugh had the gall to veto because of certain alleged pre-election promises. The full crew law is an unjust law, a measure that no self respecting legislator can afford to lend his influence to retain on the statute books of the commonwealth.

Pennsylvanians have reason to be extraordinarily proud of the support which the Keystone State has given the national administration in the international crisis. It is no time for partisanship, but the fact remains that Pennsylvania has played as big a part in shaping history as any other state in the Union. How the steadfast Pennsylvania delegation "made Wilson" at the Baltimore convention almost five years ago is known to everyone. Her Democracy has never wavered in its support. She has the proud distinction of having increased her Democratic delegation in the lower House last year when other states lost so many that control of the organization almost passed. That her Republicans have made common cause with the Democrats on the issue of patriotism is as gratifying to one side as to the other.

Overheated Incubator Causes Fire.

An overheated incubator in the buggy shed on the John H. Bair farm, tenanted by Robert Strouse, near Penn Hall, was responsible for a fire which destroyed considerable property Tuesday morning about four o'clock. The buggy shed, pig pen and separator house were consumed, together with all their contents, including the incubator, cream separtor, buggy, sleigh, harness, four shoats, lot of chickens, and considerable household goods which had been stored in the shed during the time of moving.

The fire was discovered by Mr. Bair's daughter, Mrs. Charles Wert, but the fire had already made such great headway that the family's whole efforts were necessary to save the corn crib and barn. The loss is shared about equally between Mr. Bair and Mr. Strouse, and is complete since there was no insurance carried on any of the property destroyed.

The Ewing Farm House Burned.

The large frame farm house on the Hezekiah Ewing farm, now owned by Mr. Dreibelbis and tenanted by Logan Johnson, near Meek's church, in Buffalo Run Valley, was totally destroyed by fire as well as nearly all its contents, at 2:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The fire was the result of a defective flue. The house was built about eight years ago. Several nearby outbuildings were also burned.

Big Toll of Death in Explosion.

Three terrific explosions in the plant of the Eddystone Ammunition Corporation, which is located near Chester, on Tuesday morning, resulted in the death of 119 men and women employes and seriously injuring 60 more. That the explosion was the result of a malicious plot is the opinion of the president of the corporation.

LOCALS

Fred Stover, who has been employed in Ohio for some time, is visiting relatives in Centre Hall.

Misses Rebecca Derstine and Eliza Moore, of State College, spent the Easter vacation period in Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. William Reish, of State College, spent Easter with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Homan.

Twenty-eight head of horses averaged $203.05 at the sale held by D. S. Peachy in Millheim Monday of last week.

D. Sparr Wert, of Aaronsburg, attended the horse sale at Centre Hall last Thursday and favored this office with a call.

Mrs. Thomas Keefer and daughter Agnes, of Youngwood, are guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Brungart.

Forester Leonard Barnes and Leslie Jacobs took advantage of the Penney's excursion to Philadelphia and Atlantic City, on Saturday.

Don't forget the W. C. T. U. social on Friday evening. An interesting program, followed by refreshments, will feature the occasion.

Mrs. S. H. Heckman, of Johnstown, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kreamer, for a few days last week, and assisted in the moving.

The Huntingdon voters at an election last week favored a $100,000 loan proposition. The money will be used for making brick and cement street improvements.

William Zettle left for Johnstown last week where he will be employed with his brother Archey W. Zettle who is a contract carpenter in the Flood City.

Ezra B. Keen has purchased the real estate of the late Rev. E. D. Keen, situated in Millheim, for $1750. The sale includes the house and lot and nine acres of farm land.

Mrs. G. L. Goodhart, after spending several months with her daughter, Mrs. D. Wagner Geiss, in Bellefonte, returned to Centre Hall last week and opened her house for the summer.

The wheat fields look pretty badly damaged from freezing, but there are no reports of the frost having injured the young clover to an extent to lessen the prospects for a good hay crop.

Coat suits, coats, dresses, separate coats and skirts, made over your own individual measurements. Your own cloth or cloth furnished.—Ladies' Toggery Shop, Bellefonte, Pa. Bell 'phone 224 M. tf

Mr. and Mrs. Maynard Meeker gave a birthday party in honor of their daughter, Mrs. John H. Knarr, at the Old Fort hotel, on Monday evening. A large number of young people enjoyed the evening in a most pleasing manner, the excellent refreshments being no small feature of the occasion.

An item appearing in the Reporter last week relative to work being done on the mountain road above Centre Hall, which is now State property, stated that the work which is going on at present was the first to be done since the State acquired the road. The truth is that six weeks of labor were expended last fall which was responsible for this side of the mountain being in such good condition for automobiling all winter.

BOALSBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Confer are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

Miss Lillian Dale returned from her visit in Washington on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ross and family, of Pine Grove Mills, spent Easter at the F. W. Weber home.

The Boalsburg High school will hold their last literary society on Saturday evening, April 14, in Boal hall.

Miss Mabel Young, of Altoona, spent a short time with her friend, Miss Anna Sweeney, here.

The schools of Boalsburg will observe Arbor Day, April 13th, in Boal Hall.

Irvin Johnson, of Crafton, was a recent visitor at the home of Mrs. M. A. Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Zeigler, of State College, and Miss Hazel Corl, of Pleasant Gap, spent Easter at the home of Charles Corl.

Mrs. Margaret Lytle and Robert Miller, of State College, spent Sunday at the home of Misses Mary Reish and Nora Miller.

Misses Miriam Weaver, Gladys Hackenberg and Messrs. John Metzger and Edwin Weaver, of Rebersburg, spent Sunday at the A. J. Hazel home.

Linden Hall

The Easter service in the U. E. church was well attended.

Miss Frances Patterson is spending some time with friends here.

Mrs. Jacob Zong, who has been quite ill the past week, is improving.

Mrs. George Searson spent last week in Bellefonte and at Zion.

Scott Weiland came over from Williamsport Monday and was a guest of his brother until Tuesday.

Miss Ruth Ross is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. George Mothersbaugh.

Ned Keller, who was home from F. and M. for Easter vacation, returned on Sunday.

Edwina Wieland came home from Bloomsburg Friday for a ten day's vacation.

The marriage of Roy Catherman and Miss Nina Carl took place at State College, Friday, April 6th, after which the young people motored to the home of the groom's parents, where the calithumpians were out in full force to receive them. Mr. Catherman is employed at Milton where they will make their home.

Tusseyville

Mrs. Calvin Rossman, of Siglerville, spent a week among relatives here.

Henry Rossman shows no improvement at this writing.

Miss Jennie Bodtorf spent a week at Lemont and State College the past week.

George and Bernice Swartz, of Selinsgrove, are spending their Easter vacation at home.

Miss Bertha Lingle, who has been employed at Altoona the past winter, returned home Saturday for the summer.

Philip Robb, of State College, is spending several weeks with his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Swartz.

Mrs. Michael Rossman assisted her daughter, Mrs. W. O. Heckman, and family, of Centre Hall, a few days with their moving.

FRUITTOWN.

Harris and William Bubb, who are employed in Burnham, spent Easter at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Martz and daughter spent Sunday at the G. R. Meise home.

Rush Dippery returned to Burnham this week where he will be employed in the shell department.

Charles Fye, who is employed at State College, spent over Easter at the William Reiber home.

D. C. Fobringer moved last week from this place to the Spicher farm at Earlystown, and Edward Horner from Linden Hall moved into the house vacated by Fobringer.

A gang plow, with a traction engine to pull it, will be operated this spring by W. K. Corl a farmer near Pine Grove Mills.

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

It is estimated that sixteen per cent. of the farmers of the State have stored ice during the winter for use this summer.

Reports of serious injury to the peach buds in the northern and central sections of the State have reached the department of agriculture.

Dogs which have been a menace to the sheep industry are now reported to be making raids on the poultry flocks of Blair county farmers.

There has been a decrease of almost two per cent. in the number of farmers employing female household help during the past year on account of the inability to secure farm labor.

There has been a marked increase in the number of cattle being fed for beef purposes, the lack of farm labor turning many farmers to this method of agriculture.

Farm help is so scarce that Secretary of Agriculture Charles E. Patton has appealed to merchants and manufacturers to spare one or more men one day a week to help out in the agricultural districts of the State.

WE HAVE JUST BEEN INFORMED THAT the First National Nurseries of Rochester, N. Y. are anxious to secure either ladies or gentlemen to represent them in this section, in the sale of their complete line of oriental tree, shrubs, roses, vines, bulbs, fruit trees, berry bushes, etc. They inform us that without previous experience it is possible to make good wages every week. Any one out of employment or desiring to take up work of this time will do well to write them for terms and in doing so enclose this notice.

New Spring & Light Weight Goods for Suits and Dresses

White Goods
Sheeting
Pillow Tubing
Shirtings
Dress Gingham
Lancaster Apron Gingham
Percales and Linens
Ready-made Underwear
Gauze
Nainsook
Long Cloth and Muslin
Ready-made Aprons
Old-Fashioned Calico for Quilts

SUNBURY BREAD EVERY DAY

Store closes every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

STUDENTS!
The
Spring Mills Normal
will open about
MONDAY, APRIL 25th
for Six Weeks' Term

Any Grade Scholars Admitted

Special Attention Given Those Who Wish to Prepare for College or for Teaching.

Normal will continue throughout the summer for those desiring to continue studies.

For further particulars address—
W. V. GODSHALL, B. S., M. S.
Spring Mills, Pa.

L. W. S. PERSON

Distinctive Millinery

—Also—

Made-to-Measure
CORSETS

AT THE RESIDENCE OF
MRS. MARGARET E. STROHM
CENTRE HALL, PA.

April 19 to 25, Inclusive

Build to LAST, Mr. Farmer!

Don't begin this Spring to patch up spots about the house and barn with lumber. To do that simply means to repeat the operation in a few years. Neither is it wise to build new with lumber where cement can be used. Nothing is coming into greater use on the farm than cement for building and repairing. But remember, when thinking of buying cement don't merely ask for "cement", but be sure that you get

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

You will then be sure that you have the best. Concrete work made from this brand is bound to stand the most severe tests, and you have the satisfaction of knowing that you have BUILT TO LAST.

We are ready to supply you with Alpha Portland Cement.

BAUGH'S FERTILIZER

A big supply of this old reliable crop producer on hand and we will be pleased to have your order.

We are Closing These Out:

Plows, Harrows, Land Rollers

There are only a few implements and since we have decided to close out the line entirely, some farmer is going to get a chance to buy new machinery at a low figure. If you want it, come soon.

BINDER TWINE

The Plymouth-Cordage brand has proved to give the right kind of service. It's a good twine to stick to.

R. D. Foreman
Centre Hall, Pa.

PREPARED FOR BUSINESS

After being in New York for two weeks I have secured the best stock at the LOWEST PRICES.

A handsome Stock of LADIES' COATS and SUITS

nothing like you ever saw before. Come in to look them over; you will then be prepared for the coming season.

NEW GOODS DAILY

So come early to get the best varieties. Get your outfit for Easter here.

Men's New Clothing at

KESSLER'S DEPARTMENT STORE
MILLHEIM

"Those Pesky Punctures Picked My Pockets"

HOW much money have you spent—how much worry, annoyance and loss of time have you suffered—from punctures and "blowouts"? What would you give to be absolutely *free* from these costly and disagreeable incidents of motoring?

We can show you a way to do it—equip your car with ESSENKAY, the *real* substitute for air in automobile tires and never again will a "flat tire" have any terrors for you.

Essenkay
"ENDS TIRE TROUBLES"

No More Punctures or "Blowouts"

ESSENKAY Tire Filler is no experiment. It is a demonstrated positive success it prevents punctures and "blowouts," doubles tire mileage, cuts tire cost in half; rides like air over smooth surfaces and easier than air over rough roads; does away with the expense and added weight of extra tires, tubes, rims, etc.

We are the exclusive agents for ESSENKAY. We install it in your car, and give you a careful, continuous, personal service that insures you absolute freedom from tire troubles.

Come in Today—Don't Delay!

1

D. S. ISHLER, Agent, Centre Hall, Pa.

LOCALS.

Farmer John D. Homan is learning to operate a new Ford car.

Mrs. Catherine Burris visited her son, Irvin Burris, at Yeagertown, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George Breon spent Easter Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Geary at the Red Mill.

Winter flopped into the lap of spring on Sunday and has been courting the timid maiden ever since.

Ordinarily, at this time of the year, the high school graduates would be in full bloom instead of having another month before maturing.

Mrs. Mary A. Crust, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crust and son, William, of Pleasant Gap, spent Sunnay with the former's son, Charles T. Crust, east of town.

The Logan Iron and Steel Company, of Burnham, has voted an increase of 5 per cent. to all employes. Approximately 300 persons are affected.

For Sale—house and lot, known as the Flisher home, in Centre Hall borough, will be sold to close out the estate.—Inquire of J. B. Flisher, Centre Hall, Pa.

Miss Sarah Goodhart, formerly of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived at the home of her mother, Mrs. Mary Goodhart, a few days ago, and will make her future home here.

At the sale of the real estate of Harriet Vonads, deceased, at Woodward, a week ago, the home and 44 acres of farm land was purchased by Paul Stover for $1,663.

Mrs. Kate Saunders, of Philadelphia, arrived in Centre Hall the latter part of last week and will spend the summer at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Krape.

An Easter service will be held at Farmers Mills by the St. John's Union Sunday School on Sunday evening, 15th inst., at 7:30 o'clock, to which all are invited.

The District Teachers' meeting will be held Monday evening of next week. Since it will be the last meeting in the term a full attendance of teachers is desired.—W. O. Heckman, president.

Mrs. L. W. S. Person, of Phillipsburg, New Jersey, will be in Centre Hall from April 16 to 25, inclusive, with a line of distinctive millinery, etc. See her ad elsewhere in this issue.

C. P. Leitzell, M. D., of Lena Illinois, is writing the Reporter under recent date says: "It is thirty-four years since I left Spring Mills to make my home in Illinois, and I continue to read the Reporter."

Out of town friends who attended the funeral of the late D. L. Kerr, on Tuesday were: W. C. Currin, Mrs. A. S. Gillmore, of Williamsport; Mrs. L. Clewell, of Berwick; Mrs. S. T. Lobaugh, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Porter Odenkirk, of Burnham.

Mr. and Mrs J. S. Getchel and son Wendell, of Greensburg, were arrivals at the home of Mrs. Getchell's parents, Squire and Mrs. Brungart, on Monday. Mrs. Getchell is recuperating from the effects of a rather serious operation, and she and her son will remain in Centre Hall for some time.

Mrs. Anna Cunningham was an arrival from Los Angles, Californa, on Friday, having been called home on account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. J. M. Moyer, at the Potters Mills hotel. Mrs. Moyer was stricken with paralysis several months ago and has steadily been growing weaker.

Among the provisions of the new game code that is being drafted in the legislature, one gives authority to the game commission to pay for damages actually done by deer or bear to crops or live stock. As regards the bear, however, the property owner has the right to kill it, or pursue and kill it within forty-eight hours of the damaging of property.

The Farmers National Bank, of Millheim, will come before the Reporter readers for the next year with advertisements which will prove interesting reading. The farmers National Bank has had a most remarkable growth within the past few years, as the figures in a recent statement appearing in this paper proved. Last week the United States bank examiner examined the financial condition of the institution and finding everything in first-class condition, incidentally remarked that the Farmers National of Millheim was the most up-to-date rural bank in the territory he covers, which comprises nine counties.

The 1917 class of the Worth township High school will hold their commencement exercises in the Methodist church at Port Matilda on Wednesday evening, April 25th. Prof. H. C. Rothrock, formerly principal of the Boalsburg High school, has been principal of the Worth township High school for several years. The graduating class numbers four members. The names of the graduates-to-be and their orations are as follows: Samuel W. Mattern, "Do we love our country?—how much?"; Annie Lovina Downing, "The arts of war or the arts of peace—which?"; William David Nearhoof, "Loyalty to our president"; Lewis Frederick Rothrock, "The passing of the Ottoman Empire."

DEATHS.

Mrs. Rachel A. Moyer died Friday morning at Lock Haven. She had been ill since February and her death is ascribed to hardening of the arteries and a general physical break-down, she having been seventy-seven years of age.

Mrs. Moyer was born and reared at Aaronsburg and went to Lock Haven in 1865, where she became the wife of J. T. Shearer, a well-known school teacher and a prominent citizen. Mr. Shearer died in 1894 and in 1903 his widow was united in marriage to J. H. Moyer, of Hiawatha, Kan., living there until the death of her husband, about seven years ago, after which she returned to Lock Haven, and has resided there since that time.

Mrs. Moyer was an earnest Christian and a devoted member of the Methodist church ever since her girlhood days.

She was affectionate and loving, and her broad sympathy and cheerful disposition assisted many a weary traveler over the rough places in the journey of life.

Deceased is survived by her son, H. G. Shearer, one granddaughter, Mrs. Luke Griskey, of Erie, one brother George W. Bell, of St. Joseph, Mo., and two sisters, Mrs. Harry W. Brown, of Williamsport, and Mrs. Jane Kammerdiner, of Bradford.

The Fiedler correspondent to the Millheim Journal contained this notice of a death of a Centre countian: A telegram received by M. M. Bower on Monday evening stated that Mrs. Adam Zerby, of Elburn, Ill., died on Monday. Mrs. Zerby was raised in the home of the late Daniel Wolf, at Wolfs chapel, and they also farmed there for some years, before removing to the west. She was a daughter of Cyrus Lose, of Centre Hall, who died when she was quite young. Her age is about 52 years. Mrs. M. M. Bower, accompanied by her brother, John Zerby, of Farmers Mills, and Speer Breon, of Millheim, left on Tuesday morning to attend the funeral.

Rev. C. W. Horner Has Loganton Circuit.

The Potter township friends of Rev. Charles W. Horner, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Horner, of near Linden Hall, will be pleased to learn that he has recently been appointed pastor of the Sugar Valley circuit of the Evangelical church. Rev. Horner has won his way into the ministery only after much self sacrifice and assiduous study. In a letter to the Reporter, received on Tuesday, in which he makes a remittance on subscription and asks to have his paper addressed to his new location, he writes this interesting information:

"I have been transferred as pastor to the Sugar Valley circuit and moved to Loganton in March. My family and I are much delighted with the place, we have found fine roads in the valley, and best of all we have found fine people. They proved their kindness and liberality when on the second evening after I brought the family to Loganton, a gathering of forty or fifty members of the Evangelical church surprisingly crowded to the parsonage laden with baskets, bags, etc., filled with first-class eatables of almost every variety. The articles amounted in value to more than fifty dollars which is a pleasant treat but one almost out of date in these days of desire and hustle to procure the perishing things of this world rather than to lay up treasures in heaven.

"CHAS. W. HORNER."

A Public Safety organization for Centre county was affected at a meeting called by Lieut. T. D. Boal at his home at Boalsburg, on Wednesday night, at which twenty representative citizens of Centre county were present. Ways and means for conserving and mobilizing the various resources, with special emphasis on agriculture, were discussed and plans made to meet the serious help problem on the farm. Intensive farming, with the aid of the county farm agent, whom it is proposed to put in the field shortly, received considerable attention.

Marriage Licenses.

Roy H. Catherman, Linden Hall
Nina Corl, State College

Harry M. Pennington, State College
Josephine Woomer, State College

Daniel W. Bartges, Coburn
Mazie G. Vonads, Spring Mills

Christian D. Hoy, Johnstown
Stella M. Kelley, Howard

Card of Thanks.

The widow of the late D. L. Kerr takes this means of thanking those friends and neighbors who assisted during the illness of her husband and also at the time of his death.

Auction Sale at Meiss'.

An auction sale will be held at Meiss' store, Colyer, on Saturday. Don't miss it.

Tobacco buyers paid Clinton county growers from fifteen to twenty-five cents a pound for their 1916 crop, last week. It is said to be the highest price paid for tobacco in many years.

Laundry leaves this office next Wednesday morning.

REBERSBURG

"Fattie" Miller has been hired by Mrs. John Shultz, at Spring Bank, to do her farm work this summer.

Claude Smull has changed his boarding place from Mr. Gilbert's in south Rebersburg, to his brother Harry's home in this place.

What has become of the Dodge autos which were placed in town in care of a certain few? We have failed to see any one of the three on the streets.

Our enterprising merchant, Claude Haines, gave an Easter hunt on last Saturday afternoon on the school grounds at this place. Over sixty children under twelve years of age enjoyed the occasion and were lucky in finding lots of Easter eggs and candy which was hidden on the school ground.

Fruit growers throughout the State are urged by Zoologist J. G. Sanders, of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture to make early preparations for spraying of trees for insect and disease control. Professor Sanders feels that difficulties may be encountered to secure prompt shipment of the necessary chemicals, spray machinery and accessories on account of economic conditions and urges the immediate ordering of supplies. Fruit growers take advantage of every available warm day this season for dormant spraying with lime sulfur solution to control San Jose scale and peach leaf curl. The deep frost will hinder spraying later when the warm weather approaches.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat (new)	No quotation given
Corn	1 05
Oats	.60
Barley	.75
Rye	.90

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.32
Eggs	25

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

Insurance and Real Estate

Want to Buy or Sell?

SEE US FIRST

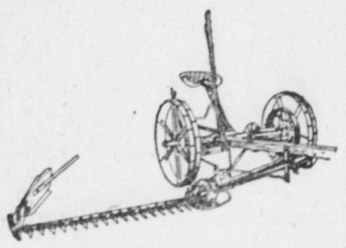
Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

OILS & GASOLINE

I receive carload shipments and can supply you at all times at lowest prices.
Bring your barrels and drums and try my oils and gasoline.

William McClenahan
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR
CENTRE HALL, PA.

FOR THE FARMER:



A Full Line of
WALTER A. WOOD
FARM IMPLEMENTS

Crown Grain Drills, Black Hawk Corn Planters, Krouse Cultivators, Binder Twine.

We also have a Jeffrey Lime Pulverizer and are prepared to crush stone for

Concrete or Agricultural Lime

Cleve H. Eungard
Spring Mills, Pa.

New Spring Wearing Apparel

At Most Advantageous Prices

This store was never so attractive and so bright with new merchandise in all departments as it is this Spring.

Our Ready-to-wear Apparel is more varied and more beautiful than for many seasons past

New Clothes for Easter

You will want to wear new clothes for this festive occasion, and we most cordially invite you to come and visit our store and make your selection of Faster wearing apparel.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO OUR LINE OF

Ladies' Coats and Suits
FOR SPRING

This line is undoubtedly the finest that has ever been seen in Millheim.

D. J. NIEMAN
MILLHEIM

We are Ready for Summer

Off with the old—on with the new. With the coming of warm weather there is that natural desire to cast off the heavy apparel which the long winter months demanded, and don new, brighter, and lighter dress. We are prepared to show the ladies the most beautiful patterns in

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

We can't go into detail; just come in and examine them for yourself. No matter how particular you are, we can show you goods that will please.

For Men: HATS and CAPS
DRESS SHIRTS

Styles are Right, Quality is Right, Prices are Right.

Shoes for all the family
in up-to-the-minute styles.

Groceries--always fresh
We always have something new and fresh on our counters. Come in and see.

C. M. SMITH
The Quality Store
CENTRE HALL, PA.

The Centre Hall Pharmacy

For Your Chapped Skin--
USE
Mulford's Cold Cream, 25c
OR
Parke-Davis' Cold Cream

Cough Syrups--
Dr. Longwell's Syrup White Pine and Eucalyptus
Dr. Longwell's Syrup Honey and Glycerine.

THE CENTRE HALL PHARMACY
A Store You Like to Go to

A SQUARE DEAL TO ALL

We treat the small depositor with the same consideration as we do the large one. No one ever has cause to complain of discourteous treatment at the Farmers National Bank. When financial favors are needed don't think because your account is a limited one that your wishes will not be appreciated.

The Farmers National Bank
Millheim, Pa.

FARM LABOR IN DEMAND IN WESTERN CANADA

Extraordinary Inducements Being Offered.

Previous articles have dealt with the necessity of producing extra quantities of foods to feed the world during this stress of high consumption and paucity of production. Instead of the condition improving it is growing worse, and unless drastic and immediate action is taken, prices will continue to climb higher. It is hoped by the Canadian government that by offering extra inducements to secure a homestead of 160 acres of excellent land in the homesteading areas of Western Canada, with the combined effort of the farmer in extraordinary preparation of tillage and bigger wages than ever, that Western Canada, with the assistance of a Divine Providence, may produce a greater number of million acres of wheat than ever in the past. The farm laborer can now secure a homestead on easier conditions than ever before. All the time that he works for a Western Canadian farmer during 1917, after he makes his entry or filing will count as residence on his homestead for that year, leaving him but two additional years' residence, before getting title to a piece of land that should then be easily worth $1,600. The response to this offer has been wonderful, and hundreds have already taken advantage of it.

The climate of Western Canada is one that breeds energy, instils life and buoyancy, and with the soil that the country possesses, no greater asset could be desired. The country is past the pioneering stage; its ability to grow all the smaller grains better than any other portion of the continent has been proven so often that it seems a waste of time to speak of it. The high name that has been given the country in the splendid class of live stock that it raises, has placed it in the high column with the best states of the Union. And then social conditions, something that every housewife asks about, are as nearly perfect as could be wished for. Thousands of miles of telephone line connect the remotest hamlet with the principal cities of the country and continent, miles of excellent graded roads, as well as the perfect natural roads of the prairie, make driving and hauling easy. Gridironed as these provinces are with railway lines bring the farm near to Atlantic or Pacific, or United States markets, rural mail delivery brings the settler still closer to the homes abroad. Rural and consolidated schools everywhere are easy adjuncts to the colleges and universities, which are said to be among the best on the continent.

Taxation is light, and only applied on the farm land, cattle, implements, etc., on the farm being exempt. Many farmers, having realized sufficient from one crop of wheat to pay for their entire farm holdings, have installed their own electric light and heating plants, have their automobiles and many luxuries they would not have possessed on their old home abroad. Life is comfortable and existence enjoyable in Western Canada. In no country is there a greater percentage of contented farmers, and in no part of the continent is farming easier or more profitable.

Land there will produce 30 bushels of wheat to the acre, while there are many cases where the yield was higher, as high as 70 bushels. What this means to the farm laborer does not fully appear on the surface. He will get good wages, he can secure a homestead worth at the end of three years about $1,600, while working for wages he can put in residence duties, and can also look around, and find a good location.

Besides the homesteading attraction of Western Canada, there remains the other fact that other lands can be purchased at from $15 to $30, while improved farms may be had at reasonable figures.

The desire to have a piece of land of one's own is a natural instinct in the heart of every properly developed man and woman. In earlier years, on account of the great areas of land available in the United States, no great difficulty was experienced by any ambitious settler of that country who wished to become his own landholder, but the rapid increase in population, combined with the corresponding rise in the price of land, has completely changed this condition. Land, which a generation ago might be had for the homesteading, now commands prices ranging to $100 an acre and over. At such prices it is quite hopeless for the tenant farmer or the farmer's son in moderate circumstances, or the city man with limited capital, to attempt to buy a farm of his own. To pay for it becomes a life-long task, and the probability is that he will never do more than meet the interest charges. If he is serious in his desire to secure a farm home, he must look to countries where there is still abundant fertile land available at moderate cost, and where these lands are to be purchased on terms which make it possible for the settler with small capital to become a farm owner as the result of a few years' labor. He will also want land in a country where the practices of the people are similar to those to which he has been accustomed; a country with the same language, same religion, same general habits of living, with laws, currency, weights and measures, etc., based on the same principles as those with which he is familiar. He wants a country where he can buy land from $10.00 to $30.00 an acre, which will produce as big or bigger crops as those he has been accustomed to from lands at $100.00 an acre. He wants this land where social conditions will be attractive to himself and his family, and where he can look forward with confidence to being in a few years independent, and well started on the road to financial success.

All these conditions he will find in Western Canada, and nowhere else. The provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, commonly called "Western Canada," provide the one and only answer to the land-hungry. The land is here; it is the kind of land he wants; the conditions are as nearly ideal as is possible, and the prices and terms are such that the man of moderate capital has an opportunity not available to him elsewhere.—Advertisement.

Strong Character.

"A strong-minded woman, you say?"

"Unquestionably. I don't believe she would show any signs of agitation whatever if she were to discover that she had left home without her powder puff."

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

Seeking a Publisher.

"Is Scribson still engaged in the pursuit of literature?"

"No. Scribson thinks he has ground out enough literature to make him famous and he is now engaged in the pursuit of editors."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why take ordinary cough remedies when **Boschee's German Syrup** has been used for fifty-one years in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries, for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung trouble. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, giving nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health, assisted by pure air and sunshine when possible. Trial size 25c, and 75c family size. Sold in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries.—Adv.

Bungling Partners.

"Why are you so unfavorable to matrimony?"

"Every time I play bridge with a man," replied Miss Cayenne, "I shudder at the idea of having him as a partner for life."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight shoes feel easy and gives instant relief to corns and bunions. Try *it today*. Sold everywhere, 25c. For FREE trial package address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Slight Distinction.

"Papa, what is the difference between a sanitarium and an asylum?"

"About one hundred dollars a week."

NOTHING SO EFFECTIVE AS ELIXIR BABEK For Malaria, Chills & Fever.

Chief of Police, J. W. Reynolds, Newport News, Va., says: "It is a pleasure to recommend **Babek** for chills and fever. Have used it when necessary for 20 years and have found no remedy as effective." **Elixir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

A Good Move—**Babek Liver Pills.** 50 pills . . . . . 25 cents

Life is said to be a game of give and take—and most people give a lot more trouble than they are willing to take.

Anuric cures Backache, Lumbago, Rheumatism. Send 10c. Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for large trial package.—Adv.

A girl imagines she's in love with a man when she doesn't enjoy flirting with other men as much as she thought she would.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

A Mystery.

"She seems like a reserved girl."

"I wonder whom for."

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose only is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

Chinese eat bamboo shoots.

BARREL SKIRT FOR EVENING GOWN.

Black satin gown draped with embroidery net, showing the modern way of arriving at the oval silhouettes. The high-waisted bodice is outlined with a belt of pink roses, and the sleeves are square pieces of net.

LACK OF NOVELTY IN PARIS STYLES

Absence of Usual Brilliancy of Invention Reflects Strain in French Capital.

HOBBLE SKIRT IS ASSURED

This Is Only Name That Can Be Given to Prevailing Pattern, Which Is Held in to Less Than Two Yards at the Hem.

New York.—There is only one comment among those who merchandise clothes, concerning the output of Paris in February. That is, that it was disappointing. Nothing seems to differ from that statement. The fact is spoken of with kindliness, and not with any desire to be unpleasantly critical. That Paris was able to put out about two thousand models at a time when the stringency of everything in the French capital caused heartsickness and physical depression, was a bit of bravery worthy of all the praise and approval that the buyers had to give.

But this does not cover up the fact that the clothes lacked brilliancy of invention, that they seemed to reflect the strain under which their creators were passing. And they gave to the American designers and shops in great cities the first genuine encouragement they have had to go to work on lines of their own choosing.

To those who report fashions there seems to be a very good explanation for this disappointment. The February fashions in Paris came as an anticlimax. It seems, on strict analysis, that that is the kernel of the situation. It was the American impatience that stole the thunder from the French openings. Paris had the new silhouette up her sleeve and expected to play this trump card to turn the situation into something exciting, but America forced her hand. She compelled her to introduce in December the oval silhouette, the pegtop skirt, sometimes called the barrel skirt, the drapery at the hips, and the tightening of the hem.

There have been a dozen seasons in which Paris had nothing more original to offer than the drastic change from one silhouette to another. No one should really ask more than this of the creators of fashion. Already this leaven of the new silhouette has infected the whole loaf of American styles.

Full Skirt Shelved.

About the middle of March the skirt that flared and the skirt that was full were both shelved by the women who tried to keep in touch with what was being done. If America had allowed France to hold this card and play it at the right time in the game, we would have been in a state of high excitement, showering congratulations upon a nation that could compel people to buy new clothes instead of altering old ones.

The American buyers, however, stung into unusual midseason action by the stupendous prosperity of the wealthy classes, shuttled across the ocean, dodging dangers, to persuade Paris to give them something new and interesting. Paris was persuaded. She had the oval silhouette in her mind, all her designers had agreed upon it, and, because she needed money, she pulled the card from the pack, put it on the table, and the game was over.

And yet, among the masses, after all, make a fashion worth while financially, the drastic revolution in the silhouette has just begun to take good effect. The buyers and reporters saw nothing strikingly new in the exhibitions of Paris fashions during the month of March, but now, on the first of April, the women all over the continent are seriously taking into consideration the acceptance of the hobble skirt.

Again the Hobble Skirt.

There is no use dwelling at this hour on the fashion of the oval silhouette. You have all read and heard about it until you are probably weary of the subject as a theory, but intensely interested when it suddenly appears as a necessity for you to accept or refuse. Well, it is well for you to accept the hobble skirt, for that is the only name that can really be given to the prevailing pattern, which is held in to less than two yards at the hem.

The more debatable question is how this hobble skirt should be achieved. Here are some of the ways that France has done it in her new gowns:

She has cut the skirt in melon-shaped gores, but this is not a frequent trick. It is used in some skirts that belong to coat skirts strictly for street wear.

She has made the top of the skirt over each hip exceedingly wide by arranging a kind of slit-pocket effect and then pulling the fullness of the skirt tightly around the legs below this outstanding drapery.

Again she plaits the skirt at the belt and takes the fullness from the plaits as it leaves the knee line, into a wide, stitched hem or a series of stitched bands that reduce the width to a yard and a half at the lower edge.

She has made an entirely plain skirt and then attached panels of loose plaiting at the sides of the waistline and let them drop to the knee line, where they are loosely tacked and swing outward as the wearer walks.

Adopted in Tailored Suits.

Nearly all of these effects are worked out in one-piece frocks rather than in coat suits, because France has put most of her originality into the former and almost ignored the latter. But the American tailors, quickly seizing the opportunity for a new silhouette, have made their skirts for street suits and even for sports usage with the extended fullness between the hips and knees. They have almost abandoned the skirt that fits the figure, and they have not accepted the old-fashioned hobble skirt which clings to the figure, showing every line and curve. No matter how narrow the skirt is at the hem, there is freedom of line and movement between the waist and knees, which constitutes a graceful line, and which is as it should be.

In opposition to these skirts there is the new Egyptian skirt, which many of the designers over here think is the smartest touch of the season. The skirt is really taken from early Egyptian apparel. It is knife-plaited by machine and hangs plumb from waist to hem. It is exceedingly narrow and made of soft materials. It is from two to four inches longer than the extreme skirts of last winter, and with the new kind of coat that is sometimes attached to it, which is a straight-up-and-down, primitive affair, the silhouette is that of an Alexandrian woman of high fashion, B. C.

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LABEL BARRY "LUCKY"

Has Been in More World's Series Than Any Other Player.

New Manager of Boston Red Sox Joined Athletics Just as Connie Mack Had About Completed His Great Playing Machine.

Jack Barry has frequently been called the "luckiest man in baseball." He has been in more world's series than any other player in the game. He joined the Athletics just as Mack had about completed his great machine that four times won the world's championship. Then when this wonderful aggregation was broken up and most of its stars were sent to other clubs Barry was fortunate enough to draw the Boston Red Sox, successors to the Athletics in the matter of premier baseball honors of the universe.

Playing on six world's champion teams is enough to give any man the palm for luck, but Jack Barry's luck has not stopped there. Never before has a man made his managerial debut with prospects so bright as Barry's. His task is not to build up a machine; his team, acknowledged the best in the big leagues, is already built and running like clockwork.

Barry will be the only playing manager in the major leagues next season. Last year Bill Carrigan, Barry's predecessor, had the honor.

One by one the playing managers of other days have taken their places on

Manager Jack Barry.

the side lines out of the hustle and bustle of hostilities. Carrigan was the last of the old guard. He played up to the time of his retirement. George Stallings, manager of the Boston Braves, hasn't donned a uniform in years. Pat Moran, leader of the Phillies, wears his uniform, but confines his activities to the foul lines and players' bench. Others who adopt this policy are John McGraw of the Giants, Wilbert Robinson of the Dodgers, Miller Huggins of the Cardinals, Jimmy Callahan of the Pirates, Christy Mathewson of the Reds, and it is doubtful if Fred Mitchell will ever catch in a game again. Mitchell, however, is sure to wear his battle regalia and assist his club from the coaching lines.

In the American league all besides Barry are "bench managers." Clarence Royland again will lead the White Sox from the foul lines and dugout, as will Connie Mack of the Athletics; Bill Donovan of the Yankees, Fielder Jones of the Browns, Lee Fohl of the Cleveland Indians, Clark Griffith of the Nationals and Hughey Jennings of the Tigers.

DEFINITION OF AN AMATEUR

National College Association Adopts Suggestion Offered by Dr. Paul Phillips of Amherst.

After a long discussion the National College association has finally adopted a definition of an amateur. It was offered by Dr. Paul C. Phillips of Amherst, who stated that a committee had worked over the subject for more than three years. The definition is as follows: "An amateur athlete is one who participates in competitive physical sports only for the pleasure and the physical, mental, moral and social benefits directly derived therefrom."

HANDICAP ON POLO PLAYERS

Maximum Ranking in This Country Brought Up to English Standard —Dates for Events.

Five of the foremost polo players of this country now carry a ten-goal handicap impost, thus bringing the maximum ranking in this country up to the English standard. Those who will play under the limit handicap this season are: Foxhall P. Keene, Devereux Milburn, J. E. Waterbury, Jr., Lawrence Waterbury and Harry Payne Whitney. The national senior, junior and open tournaments will be held at Point Judith Polo club, starting July 16 and extending to August 18.

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box.

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

Men must either be the slaves of duty or of force.

CRISIS OF WOMAN'S LIFE

Change Safely Passed by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Wagoner, Okla.—"I never get tired of praising Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because during Change of Life I was in bed two years and had two operations, but all the doctors and operations did me no good, and I would have been in my grave today had it not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which brought me out of it all right, so I am now well and do all my housework, besides working in my garden. Several of my neighbors have got well by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. VIOLA FINICAL, Wagoner, Okla.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through the crisis.

For Horses

Horsemen agree that Yager's Liniment is the best and most economical liniment for general stable use.

For strained ligaments, spavin, harness galls, sweeny, wounds or old sores, cuts and any enlargements, it gives quick relief.

A 25 cent bottle contains four times as much as the usual bottle of liniment sold at that price.

At all dealers.

YAGER'S LINIMENT

GILBERT BROS. & CO. Baltimore, Md.

Rheumacide

GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE

Have you **RHEUMATISM** Lumbago or Gout?

Take RHEUMACIDE to remove the cause and drive the poison from the system.

"RHEUMACIDE ON THE INSIDE PUTS RHEUMATISM ON THE OUTSIDE"

At All Druggists

Jas. Baily & Son, Wholesale Distributors Baltimore, Md.

TAPS

Relieves and Remedies **CONSTIPATION**

Try a Box—10 Tabs 10c.—All Druggists

Take a tip—take a TAP

TREES! TREES!

Commercial Orchardist—ask for our list of varieties of peach, and apple trees. Mr. Farmer, you want a home orchard. We can supply you with anything needed. FRUIT and SHADE TREES, all classes. Ornamentals in SHRUBBERY and EVERGREENS. We yet have 50,000 PEACH and APPLE TREES SPRING 1917.

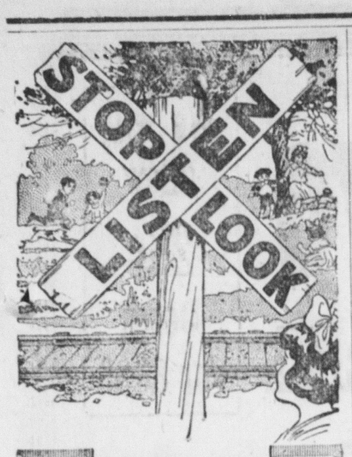
THE MOUNTAIN VIEW NURSERY CO.

Catalog Free. WILLIAMSPORT, MD.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield. Succession and Flat Dutch, 500 for $1.25; 1,000 for $2.00; 5,000 at $1.85, f. o. b. here; postpaid 35c per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. SWEET POTATO PLANTS—Immediate shipment. Nancy Hall and Porto Rico, 1,000 to 9,000 at $2.00; 10,000 up at $1.50, f. o. b. here. Tomato plants 500 75c; 1,000 for $1.35; Egg and Pepper plants 500 for $1 00; 1,000, for $1.50; 5,000 and up at $1.25, f. o. b. here. Postpaid 40c per 100. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.



106 Fly Poison Cases Reported in 3 Years

A Large Percentage Fatal

Appalling as this record seems, it is only a fraction of the real number. The symptoms of cholera infantum and arsenical poisoning are almost identical. Diagnosis is extremely difficult. Many actual fly poison cases are unrecognized and unreported.

The Government recognizes this danger to childhood and issues this warning, in supplement No. 29 to the Public Health Report:

"Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for the purpose of condemnation, of those compounded of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent and owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhœa and cholera infantum, it is believed that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly-destroying devices must be rated as extremely dangerous, and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

TANGLEFOOT

catches flies and embalms their disease-bearing bodies with a disinfecting varnish. It is safe, efficient, non-poisonous, and your protector from both fly and fly poisons.

THE O. & W. THUM COMPANY
Grand Rapids, Mich.

(104)

South African Paint Factory.

Earth pigments and ochres have been discovered near the Cape of Good Hope and South Africa's first paint factory has been opened.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Hardships of Oratory.

"Why do you refuse to make any more speeches? Won't your people listen to you?"

"The difficulty is," replied Senator Sorghum, "that they listen too closely. When I tell 'em something now they rush off to have it verified and hold me responsible for the facts."

Rats and Fires.

At a time when everyone is complaining of the high cost of living it might be well to see if we cannot eliminate two great sources of waste—fires and rats.

Most fires are needless. All rats are so. Some years ago a study of the rat problem in Philadelphia arrived at the conclusion that the rodents of that city ate more than a million dollars' worth of food each year. At that rate, the disgusting creatures can hardly cost less than $100,000,000 per year to the whole country. This is a pretty high price to pay for the companionship of impish pests which, besides their other bad habits, undermine floors and carry the most dreaded of all diseases, bubonic plague.

Yet fires are more expensive than rats. In 1915—the last year for which figures are at hand—the American people paid out in premiums for fire insurance $419,361,346. Of this vast sum at least three-fourths could be saved by reducing our fire record to the rate prevailing in England, France or Germany; and even in our time and nation $300,000,000 per year is a saving worth noting, and one which would have a perceptible effect on the cost of living.

Grape-Nuts

contains the rich supplies of phosphate of potash grown in wheat and barley.
Its mission is therefore clear and plain—it supplies what ordinary food lacks.
And it does its work in a sturdy, straightforward, dependable way, as tens of thousands of its users can testify.

"There's a Reason"

KEEPING INSECTS OUT

Where Possible, Make Building Foundations of Stone.

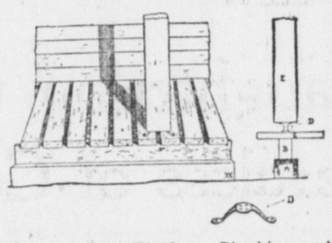
Dryness Is Important Factor in Rendering Structure Safe From Attack of White Ants—Protection of Living Trees.

(By T. E. SNYDER.)

To avoid a plague of white ants, make the foundations of all buildings entirely of stone, brick or concrete, including stone columns or pillars in the basement to support the floor above; make the walls and flooring in the basement or cellar also of concrete, and lay concrete floors on a gravel base. Fill in and round off points of juncture between concrete walls and flooring so that these will not meet at right angles.

Where stone or concrete foundations are impracticable, use timber impregnated with coal-tar creosote.

Complete dryness of the foundation and basement walls and flooring is an important means of rendering buildings safe from attack; therefore, provide for air spaces between the ground and wooden flooring and lay concrete floors on a gravel base.



Properly Laid Platform Planking and Foundations for Pillars. A, Concrete Base; B, Stringers; C, Planking; D, Iron Rest; E, Pillar.

In greenhouses, replace woodwork, wherever possible, with iron frames and concrete work. Treat necessary woodwork, before use, with a 1 per cent solution of bichloride of mercury.

Owing to the subterranean habits of white ants, it is extremely difficult to prevent or remedy injury to living forest, fruit or shade trees. Care should be taken that the trees do not become scarred near the base, in order to prevent heartrot and subsequent infestation. Clean forest, orchard and horticultural management is to be recommended. Properly executed tree surgery sometimes may be effective in repairing damage to valuable old trees. Dead and dying infested trees should be removed and burned. Prunings should be burned promptly.

Injury to nursery stock will be most serious on recently cleared land where there is abundant decaying wood. Such debris, in which the insects breed, should be removed. In general, the use of recently cleared land should be avoided in planting nursery stock. Care should be taken not to allow the roots to dry out before planting; such weakened stock is liable to attack. In the case of the pecan, it is recommended that two or three cereal crops be grown on newly cleared land before the young trees are set out. The use of commercial fertilizers instead of stable manure is suggested. Deep late-fall plowing should be of value in breaking up subterranean nests. The practice of better farming methods, with rotation of crops, will prevent damage to field crops.

In vineyards care should be taken in pruning operations; all dead or diseased vines should be removed. All pruned areas should be painted with coal tar, and the prunings should be burned promptly.

AVERAGE FOR DAY'S PLOWING

Much Depends on Size of Plow and Number of Horses Used—Figures by Missouri College.

Farmers frequently want to know how much land can be plowed in a day and how much work it requires to break an acre. Records at the Missouri college of agriculture, on 2,122 acres of land, show that it required 3.4 hours of man labor and 9.3 hours of horse labor for each acre. Of course, the time required to plow an acre will depend on the size of the plow and the number of horses used. A four-horse gang plow with two 12-inch bottoms will average about 4.12 acres a day of 9.6 hours, when it is running 6 inches deep. The same plow running 8 inches deep will break a quarter of an acre less. A three-horse sulky with a 14 or 16-inch bottom will average about 2.5 acres at a 6-inch depth, and about .2 of an acre less for the 8-inch depth. A two-horse, 14-inch walking plow will break about 1.75 acres a day at a 6-inch depth, and about .2 of an acre less at the 8-inch depth.

FIGHT CONTAGIOUS ABORTION

Annual Losses From Disease Amount to Millions of Dollars—Bulletin Gives Details.

Stockmen and Dairymen are urged in a new Farmers' Bulletin, No. 790, to inaugurate a systematic campaign against contagious abortion.

Already the annual losses from this disease amount to millions of dollars, and unless its ravages are checked it is apt to equal tuberculosis, which is now thought to stand first among animals in point of economic loss.

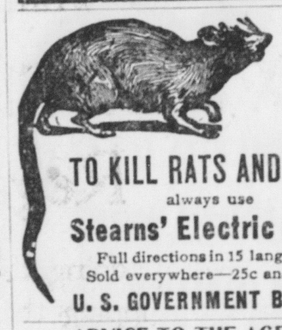
Details of the disease and its treatment are given in the bulletin referred to, which may be secured upon application of the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Keep Young

Just as well be young at seventy as old at fifty.

Many people past middle age suffer lame, bent, aching backs, and distressing urinary disorders, when a little help for the kidneys would fix it all up. Don't wait for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to get a start. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands, young and old. They are the most widely used remedy for bad backs and weak kidneys in the whole world.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
50¢ at all Stores
Foster-Milburn Co. Props. Buffalo, N.Y.



TO KILL RATS AND MICE
always use
Stearns' Electric Paste
Full directions in 15 languages
Sold everywhere—25c and $1.00
U. S. GOVERNMENT BUYS IT

ADVICE TO THE AGED
Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and torpid liver.
Tutt's Pills
have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, gives natural action, and imparts vigor to the whole sytsem.

An Automatic Signal Device
Badly needed on the market. Can market at small cost. John W. Starkslick, 1914 E. Lafayette Av., Baltimore, Md.

Nancy Hall Sweet Potato Slips $1.75, 1,000. This ad good for 500 on orders for 10,000. H. L. FUNK, Pine Castle, Fla.

Good-By.

"Say, boss, it's a shame the way I work."

"I agree with you. You're discharged."

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

His Listener.

"Does Smith tell fairy tales to his children?"

"No; to his wife."

CLEARS AWAY PIMPLES

Does Cuticura Ointment—Assisted by Cuticura Soap—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring smear the affected surfaces gently with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. When the skin is clear keep it so by using Cuticura for every-day toilet and nursery purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The Natural Way.

"How can guns be fired from a balloon?"

"I guess it's done by a parachute."

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Putting It Differently.

"Do you think you'll be successful on this trip?"

"Yes, sir, I'll bring home the bacon sure—that is, the whole wheat."

For he was a vegetarian.

Sore Eyes **Granulated Eyelids,** Eyes inflamed by exposure to **Sun, Dust** and **Wind** quickly relieved by **Murine Eye Remedy.** No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. **Murine Eye Salve** in Tubes 25c. For **Book of the Eye FREE** ask **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

POULTRY PROVERBS

A laying hen is better than a standing mill.

A large rooster does not suffer a small one to crow.

A setting hen never grows fat.

Black hens lay white eggs.

Every rooster scratches toward himself.

Every hen knows how not to tread on her own chickens.

TOADS ARE VALUABLE ASSET

Of Special Value to Gardener Because of Cutworms It Devours—They Are Not Poisonous.

That toads are of economic value, particularly to the gardener, is the assertion of Dr. J. E. Ackert, associate professor of zoology in the Kansas state agricultural college.

"It has been estimated that one toad is worth $19.44 in a single season because of the cutworms it devours," said Doctor Ackert. "Approximately 88 per cent of the food of the toad consists of garden pests.

"The toad is nocturnal in habit, coming out in the dusk to search for food, which consists mostly of insects and their larvae. During the day it sleeps in its burrow, made by backing into the soft earth or dense vegetation.

"Toads are of special value, since they are accustomed to live in gardens, where insects are most injurious. In some sections of the United States the gardeners even buy them to aid in keeping obnoxious insects under control.

"The popular belief that toads are poisonous is erroneous. They possess a rough, warty skin, which, however, does not cause the formation of warts upon the hands of those who handle them, as is often supposed."

BEANS NOT DIFFICULT CROP

Trouble Comes at Harvest Time When Work Must Be Done by Hand or Special Harvester.

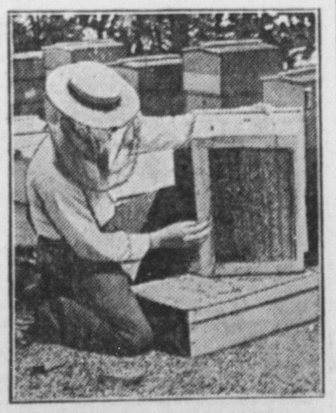
Beans will grow well on almost any good corn soil. They are fairly easy to plant and cultivate, and would be grown in far larger quantities than they are, were it not for difficulties at harvest time. At that time, beans must either be pulled and bunched by hand, or the work must be done by a special bean harvester. The vines must be left in the field for several days, to dry out, and during that time there is the risk of wet weather. Beans may be threshed by hand, but that is slow work. Some have tried threshing them with the ordinary grain thresher, but that breaks too many beans. The only satisfactory method seems to be to use a special bean thresher. Special bean machinery which is really necessary for properly harvesting the crop, costs several hundred dollars.

PRODUCTION OF GOOD FRUIT

Making of Honey Is Side Issue in Important Work of Bees—Necessary for Strawberry.

The making of honey is a side issue in the important work of bees, according to Dr. J. H. Merrill, assistant professor of entomology in the Kansas State Agricultural college. Without bees there would be little fruit and little alfalfa or clover seed.

"The strawberry is a plant for which insects are necessary to produce good fruit," said Doctor Merrill. "In some varieties the staminate and pistillate flowers are born on different plants. Experiments have been undertaken to determine whether the wind could carry pollen. Gelatin plates were exposed which would contain pollen grains if



Easy to Handle Bees.

carried by the wind. In not a single case were pollen grains of the strawberry found. The regular pollinators of the strawberry are honey bees and other small bees.

"Bees are important in pollinating the cucumber. Tomatoes are sometimes self-pollinated, but bees are an important factor in producing good fruit. The size of the fruit is slightly increased."

BEES IMPORTANT IN ORCHARD

Wind Cannot Be Relied Upon to Carry Pollen From One Tree to Another—Insects Do It.

The wind cannot be relied upon as an agency to transfer pollen from apple tree to apple tree throughout the orchard.

This work must be accomplished by the insects, and the honey bee is by all odds the most important of them all.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

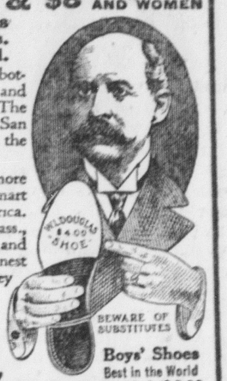
$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.



Boys' Shoes Best in the World **$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00**

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

DRUGGISTS IN EVERY STATE RELY ON THIS KIDNEY MEDICINE

One of the best preparations on the market is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root; it has been universally successful in the treatment of kidney, liver and bladder troubles and its excellent reputation makes its value in such conditions well known. About thirty years ago we began to sell it and we have never received a single complaint. Very truly yours,

A. G. CORBETT DRUG CO.
Nov. 6, 1916. Clarion, Pa.

About a quarter of a century ago we gave our first order for Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and since that time its merit has sold it. Cases of stone in bladder, catarrh and liver troubles have been very valuably benefitted from its curative action, and we firmly believe that Swamp-Root will do all that is claimed for it.

Very truly yours,
W. D. CHANDLER & CO.,
Druggists.
Nov. 11, 1916. Mount Joy, Pa.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Two hearts are better than one—if they are trumps.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

New York recorded 137,644 births 77,801 deaths and 54,782 marriages.

Preferred Fare.

"What is the favorite fare of Wall street bulls and bears?"

"Supposed to be lamb chops."

Good health depends upon good digestion. Safeguard your digestion and you safeguard your health. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills provide the safeguard. A medicine as well as a purgative. Adv.

Defined.

"What are asteroids, pa?"

"What they cut out of little children's noses, son."

Old Looks?

(BY DR. L. H. SMITH)

Persons suffering from too much uric acid in the system frequently look older than they should. They age faster and the appearance of gray hair or baldhead in early years is, indeed, often a sign of uric acid. The face appears lean and haggard, lines and wrinkles appearing in young men or women.

The best way to combat this premature age and the obstruction to the arteries and faulty circulation is of the simplest: Drink copiously of pure water between meals. This will not make you fat, as it is only the water taken with the meals that fattens. Obtain at any drug store a package of Anuric, double strength, which is to be taken before meals, in order to expel the uric acid from the system. The painful effects of backache, lumbago, rheumatism, gout, due to uric acid in the blood should quickly disappear after treatment with Anuric.

Maryland Folks Testify

Brunswick, Md.—"Several months ago I was taken with a severe pain in the small of my back. I saw an advertisement in some newspaper of Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets, and was so impressed with it, thought they would possibly be beneficial in my case, and knowing the high reputation of all Dr. Pierce's remedies I immediately sent for a trial package of the Anuric Tablets and began taking them as soon as received, and in a very short time was relieved of the trouble. I believe this remedy, like all Dr. Pierce's remedies, to be everything that is claimed for it."—F. G. HOAR.

Dr. Pierce's reputation is back of this new medicine and you know that his Pleasant Pellets for the liver, his Golden Medical Discovery for the blood, and his Favorite Prescription for the ills of women have had a splendid reputation for the past 50 years.

The Real Boss.

"Say, little boy, who is the boss in your house?"

"The boss?"

"Yes, I've got something to sell, and I want to know whether to ask for your father or your mother."

"Well, mamma is the real boss, but papa thinks he is, so you would save time by asking for her in the beginning, and if she does not want it she will say that she can't do anything without asking papa."

If a man tells a woman she has a musical laugh she will fall for any old joke he may get off.

Experienced.

They had been spooning a bit, and when she raised her face from his shoulder and they both observed the white streak on his coat he patted her affectionately, and said:

"Never mind, dearie, it will all brush off."

At this the young thing began to sob. "Oh, Harry," she exclaimed, hiding her head again on his shoulder, "how do you know?"

With Civilization's Advance.

"Scroggins says he did all his courting in his automobile."

"Regular auto-sparker, eh?"

No Eggs, Milk or Butter

The following recipe shows how an appetizing, wholesome cake can be made without expensive ingredients.

In many other recipes the number of eggs may be reduced one-half or more by using an additional quantity of ROYAL Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

EGGLESS, MILKLESS, BUTTERLESS CAKE

1 cup brown sugar
1¼ cups water
1 cup seeded raisins
2 ounces citron
⅓ cup shortening
1 teaspoon nutmeg
1 teaspoon cinnamon
½ teaspoon salt
2 cups flour
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

The old method (fruit cake) called for 2 eggs

DIRECTIONS—Put the first eight ingredients into saucepan and boil three minutes. When cool, add the flour and baking powder which have been sifted together; mix well. Bake in moderate oven in loaf pan (round tin with hole in center is best) for 35 or 40 minutes. Ice with white icing.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., 125 William Street, New York.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

No Alum **No Phosphate** **No Bitter Taste**

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1917

Aaronsburg.

Walter Orwig has returned to his work at Milton.

Ira Gramley, of Millheim, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. Bartlet, of State College, spent a few days with her son, Prof. Bartlet, in this place.

A. S. Stover, who was housed up with lumbago for several weeks, is improving.

Miss Margaret Witmyer, a nurse in the Bellefonte hospital, spent Sunday with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs J. M. Harter.

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Albertson and the latter's brother, Paul Sheesley, of Milton, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sheesley.

Mrs. Harry Call and son, of State College, are spending a week with Mrs. Call's aged parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Keener, who are quite feeble.

Mrs. Joseph Rook, nee Kerstetter, of Northumberland; Miss Sara Kerstetter and James Stover, of Coburn, were guests at the Walter Orwig home on Sunday.

Boyd Vonads, formerly teacher of the public school at Wolfes Chapel, has accepted a position with Potter and Hoy Hardware Company, in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Mingle spent Easter with their daughter, Mrs. George McCormick, at Potters Mills, where the recently arrived baby daughter was an attraction.

E. A. Bower, accompanied by Helen Bowersox, Rhoda Bower and Marion Eisenhauer, motored to Bellefonte on Saturday, returning with the former's son, Ebon Bower, who spent Easter here.

The senior class of the Aaronsburg High School will hold a box social on Saturday evening of this week. Ice cream and cake will be served. Music by the orchestra. Everybody is invited.

Earl Cummings, accompanied by the Misses Cummings, Prof. and Mrs. Bartlet and daughter Eleanor, motored to the Cummings home at Linden Hall, on Sunday, where they partook of a grand dinner.

REBERSBURG

Harry Musser spent his Easter vacation with his family, here.

A child of George Greninger's is seriously ill with no hopes of recovery.

Samuel Bierly recently bought a team of Shetland ponies from George Wate.

George Wate is spending part of this week at Vicksburg on special business.

Mrs. Edwin Weaver and two children, of Lewisburg, spent Saturday and Sunday at this place.

Henry Krumrine, of Williamsport, visited his brother, Sidney, at this place, the past week.

The installation of Rev. Hunsicker as minister of the Reformed charge in this place took place on Tuesday evening.

On last Friday evening the members of the Reformed charge of this place held a reception in the Reformed church in honor of their new pastor, and family.

Mrs. Howard Miller, who spent the past year at Pitcairn with her son Charles, arrived at this place last week and is looking after her household goods which she has stored in her dwelling house.

Pleasant Gap.

Prof. Irvin Noll, of Philadelphia, spent a few days here with his father.

Miss Emeline Noll spent Saturday and Sunday in Altoona with her sister, Mrs. Paul Keller.

Mr. and Mrs. William Derone, of Williamsport, spent Easter with the latter's father, John Mulfinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Wance and little daughter left on Saturday for Pittsburgh for an indefinite stay with relatives.

Mrs. Frank Weaver and her daughter, Mrs. Ed. Garret, of Bellefonte, spent Monday in Altoona where they did their Easter shopping.

Mrs. Hector Griffith and daughter Betty returned from Pittsburgh on Sunday after spending several weeks in that city.

CENTRE MILLS

Mrs. Cummings and children did some shopping in Millheim on Thursday.

Fred Meese, who is employed at Greensburg, spent last week at this place.

Our efficient school teacher, Charles Smull, was kept very busy attending his sick horse on Monday, therefore there was no school.

Prof. W. V. Godshall, wife and three children, of Spring Mills, visited the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kline, over Sunday.

Georges Valley

Mrs. D. D. Decker spent Sunday at the home of S. C. Decker.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gobble and Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Gobble spent last Thursday in Bellefonte.

Thomas Confer, who is working for Dolen Decker, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. T. F. Rote, near Coburn.

Mrs. J. C. McClenahan, of Potters Mills, spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McClellan.

FOODSTUFF IN WAR TIME.

Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., D. Sc. Commissioner of Health.

Food makes the sinew of war.

During the activities of a war such as the world is now experiencing, millions of men and women are engaged in manufacturing munitions for every requisite of warfare, both on land and water.

Food supplies are the very sinews of war, therefore, the guarding of meat, milk, vegetables and grain becomes one of our imperative measures of defence.

These essentials will have to be looked after to supply those active at the front and those guarding the great treasures of our Republic.

Unfortunately, at the present maybe more than ever before in the history of the world, our people are restless and demand to be entertained. They do not today, as much as in former times, make their daily occupations their play. For this reason they flock to the center of population to be amused by various forms of entertainment. This robs the farms and gardens of the country, which we can ill afford to lose at such a time as this.

With these conditions staring us in the face, our attention is turned to a serious condition which threatens a nation that may be long engaged in active warfare. No one can guess the length of time the United State of America will be envolved in protecting herself from foreign interference with her national rights. Today, therefore, is the time to begin to economize in the use of foodstuff, the waste of which is a sin.

Gardening and farming furnish health and profitable activities for women. If many idle women, and those who engage in sports of various kinds simply to pass away the time, should become active and spend their time in some useful occupation, such as gardening, it might be more profitable to them physically, mentally and morally, and of inestimable value to their country.

Those who live in our homes can contribute something to the strength of the nation by better maintaining our health and adding to the food supply.

A little spade, rake, hoe, and weeder will furnish us with all the tools necessary to cultivate vegetables in our yards, or on the roof of our flat. If we have front or back yards, we can raise tomatoes, peas, corn, carrots, parsnips, cucumbers, egg plant, onions, leeks, lettuce, radishes or squash.

Our war has been declared just at the season for men and women to start their gardens. With intensive gardening, even those who have never given the subject any thought, will be surprised to find how much a small plot of ground will produce.

Transfers of Real Estate

Thos. B. Motz to Scott D. Decker, tract of land in Gregg Twp.; $12,000.

H. E. Zimmerman et ux to Mary R. Barlett, tract of land in Bellefonte; $2000.

Caroline H. Stenman et al to The Hale Coal Co., tract of land in Rush Twp.; $1.00

F. S. Musser et ux to John H. Bair, tract of land in Gregg Twp.; $7500.

Issac Miller to G. W. Rossman, tract of land in Ferguson Twp.; $6000.

D. P. Fortney to Alice I. Fortney, tract of land in Bellefonte; $2500.

James J. Gramley to George K. Long, tract of land Miles Twp.; $5,800.

Amanda M. Deitrich et al to Clyde W. Fishborn, tract of land in Ferguson Twp.; $8,100.

Wm. G. Rossman et ux to Fred S. Wells, tract of land in Potter Twp.; $6250.

Declare War on the Fly—Now.

Kill at once every fly you can find and burn his body.

Observers say that there are many reasons to believe there will be more flies this season than for a number of years.

The killing of just one fly NOW means there will be billions and trillions less next summer.

Clean up your own premises; see and insist that your neighbors do likewise.

Especially clean "out-of-the-way-places," and every nook and cranny.

Flies will not go where there is nothing to eat, and their principal diet is too filthy to mention.

The United States Government makes the following suggestion for the destruction of horse flies: Formaldehyde and sodium salicylate are the two best fly poisons. Both are superior to arsenic. They have their advantages for household use. They are not a poison to children; they are convenient to handle, their dilutions are simple and they attract the flies.

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

CYRUS BRUNGART

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting, Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct3,1916 pd

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Effie M. Taylor, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will expose at public sale on the premises on SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1917, at two o'clock, all the following described real estate:

All those eight certain messuages, tenements and lots of ground, situate in the Township of Potter, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Purpart One. Beginning at a post corner on line of land of John Fye, thence by land of Jacob Wagner North 87 1-2 deg. East 13 1-10 perches to a stone; thence by the same North 2 1-2 deg. West 13 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by the same south 87 1-2 deg. West 13 1-10 perches to stones; thence by land of John Fye South 2 1-2 deg. East 13 5-10 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 1 ACRE AND 15 3-4 PERCHES, neat measure; thereon erected a one and a half story log house and frame stable;

Purpart Two. Beginning at a wild cherry tree at a point adjoining John Shutt, thence along land of John Shutt North 2 1-2 deg. East 16 8-10 perches to a stone; thence along lands of John Fye's heirs South 87 deg. East 30 5-10 perches to a stone; thence along land of same South 1 1-2 deg. West 4 1-10 perches to a stone; thence along lands of Henry Fye South 4 1-2 deg. West 11 9-10 perches to a stone; thence along land of same North 87 1-2 deg. West 28 6-10 perches to place of beginning; CONTAINING 3 ACRES, neat measure.

Purpart Three. Beginning at chestnut oak, thence by land late of David Love South 61 deg. East 72 perches to post; thence by land late of James Price South 34 deg. West 81 perches to a chestnut oak; thence by land formerly of Thomas Treaster North 61 deg. West 69 perches to a stone corner at lands late of Peter Kerlin; thence by land formerly of Peter Kerlin North 34 deg. East 85 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 32 ACRES AND 25 PERCHES; reserving and excepting, however, out of the above described tract of land a certain portion thereof conveyed by Jacob Meese in his lifetime to Adam Krumrine, consisting of about 14 acres of said above described tract of land, the deed held by said Krumrine not having been entered of record, which said tract of land so as aforesaid sold to the said Henry Fye, contains about 18 acres, more or less;

Purpart Four. Beginning at a post, thence along land of Jacob Wagner North 3 1-2 deg. East 29 5-10 perches to a post; thence along land of John Fye South 77 deg. West 14 6-10 perches to a stone; thence along lands of same South 4 1-2 deg. West 12 5-10 perches to a stone; thence along land of Henry Fye South 87 1-2 deg. East 13 1-10 perches to a post; thence along lands of same South 3 1-2 deg. West 13 5-10 perches to a post; thence along lands of Jacob Wagner South 87 1-2 deg. East 1 perch to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 1 ACRE AND 54 PERCHES, neat measure;

Purpart Five. Beginning at a stone corner adjoining lands of Jacob Wagner, thence South 4 deg. West 40 perches to stone; thence by lands of same and others South 79 deg. West 47 5-10 perches to stone; thence South 7 deg. West 26 perches to stone; thence by mountain etc. South 80 1-2 deg. West 16 perches to stone; thence South 18 deg. West 13 perches to stone; thence North 61 1-2 deg. West 9 2-10 perches to stone; thence North 2 deg. East 78 4-10 perches to stone by lands of Malinda Fye; thence by land of Josiah Taylor North 88 deg. East 13 perches to stone; thence by lands of Ditzell South 86 deg. East to white oak; thence North 84 deg. East 47 5-10 perches to place of beginning; CONTAINING 25 ACRES AND 90 PERCHES, more or less;

Purpart Six. Beginning at a stone, thence along land of John Fye North 87 1-2 deg. West 28 6-10 perches to a wild cherry tree; thence along land of heirs of Jacob Rockey, deceased, South 2 1-2 deg. East 23 7-10 perches to a stone; thence along land of same south 56 deg. East 9 2-10 per. to a stone; thence along land of Jacob Wagner North 13 deg East 13 perches to a stone; thence along land of same North 77 1-4 deg. East 16 perches to a stone; thence along land of Henry Fye North 4 1-2 deg. East 13 5-10 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 3 ACRES AND 70 PERCHES, more or less;

Purpart Seven. Beginning at a stone adjoining lands of Malinda Fye and Josiah Taylor; thence by land of Josiah Taylor North 87 1-2 deg. East 15 1-10 perches to stone in the wagon track of land; thence by land of Mrs. Ditzell South 87 1-2 deg. East 13 9-10 perches to white oak; thence by same North 77 3-4 deg. East 16 9-10 perches to stone; thence by land now or late of Mary Ellen Shutt South 6 deg. West 30 8-10 perches to line of other lands of Annie Fye; thence North 82 deg. West 14 7-10 perches to stone; thence North 3 deg. East 4 perches to stone; thence South 89 deg. West 30 5-10 perches to stone; thence by land of Malinda Fye North 2 deg. West 35 7-10 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 10 ACRES AND 27 1-2 PERCHES, more or less;

Purpart Eight. (a.) Beginning at a stone on the North side of Tussey mountain, thence by lands of the heirs of Samuel Spangler, deceased, North 5 deg. West 42 5-10 perches to stones; thence by land of Josiah Taylor North 84 deg. East 32 perches to a stone; thence by lands of heirs of John Fye, deceased, South 5 deg. East 76 7-10 perches to a chestnut oak; thence by mountain North 56 1-2 deg. West 40 7-10 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 12 ACRES AND 96 PERCHES.

(b.) Beginning at a stone thence by lands of Amelia Ditzel South 32 deg. West 84 7-10 perches to a stone; thence by mountain North 24 deg. West 31 perches to a post; thence by lands of heirs of Samuel Spangler, deceased, North 75 deg. East 24 perches to a pine; thence by lands now or late of John H. Shutt, Henry Fye and heirs of John Fye, deceased, South 61 deg. East 46 3-10 perches to the place of beginning; CONTAINING 10 ACRES AND ALLOWANCE; thereon erected a one and a half story dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings,

TERMS OF SALE: 20 per cent. of said purchase price to be paid upon the day of sale, the balance of said purchase money to be paid upon the confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

A. J. WEAVER,
Administrator of the estate of Effie M. Taylor, deceased.
CHARLES E. FYE.

LEGAL NOTICE.—

IN RE Insolvent Estate of Newton Yarnell. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No. 9, February term, 1917.

To the creditors of the above named Newton Yarnell, Assignor:—

You are hereby notified within six months from the date hereof to make proper and legal proof of your claims against the said Insolvent Estate as provided by section 23 of the Act of June 4, 1901 P. L. 409 and the supplements to said Act, and to file the same with the undersigned, or be forever debarred from coming in upon any fund realized out of said Insolvent Estate.

JAMES W. SWABB, Assignee.
March 15, 1917. (12) Linden Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration on the estate of Thomas C. Bartges, late of Potter township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. BARTGES, Administrator.
12o17 Centre Hall, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—

Letters testamentary on the estate of Nannie E. Krise, late of the Borough of Centre Hall, Centre County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WARREN S. KRISE, Executor,
1288 Franklin Street,
11.o.16 Johnstown, Pa.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs Mary Ross late of Centre Hall borough, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated without delay for settlement.

MRS. SARA BUSHMAN, Administraraix,
12.o.17 Centre Hall, Pa.

Sale Register.

THURSDAY, APRIL 12th, at one o'clock, Michael Spicher, agent, will sell the personal property, consisting of household goods, etc., of Mrs. William E. Snyder, at her residence, two miles west of Old Fort.

We will allow 28c Dozen For EGGS

Good-Bye Penn Hall

We will allow 28c Dozen For EGGS

THE GREAT SALE at the Frank Fisher General Store is still going on, but will last for a little while only.

We are Slaughtering this Stock Regardless of Cost!

We are doing this only to save the great expense of packing and shipping the stock to Philadelphia. Remember this is bona fide sale and we stand back of every dollar's worth of merchandise we sell. Everything must be perfectly satisfactory or money refunded.

Now to convince yourself and benefit your pocket book, deal with us during this sale and make your dollar go twice as far. We can surely save you money.

The Philadelphia Underselling Company

Remember that we are allowing 28c dozen for Eggs when offered in trade.

FORD

The Universal Car

320,817

Have been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since August 1, 1916.

These figures—320,817—represent the actual number of cars manufactured by us since August 1, 1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers.

This unusual fall and winter demand for Ford cars makes it necessary for us to confine the distribution of cars only to those agents who have orders for immediate delivery to retail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars in anticipation of later spring sales.

We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they may protect themselves against delay or disappointment in securing Ford cars. If, therefore, you are planning to purchase a Ford car, we advise you to place your order and take delivery now.

Immediate orders will have prompt attention.

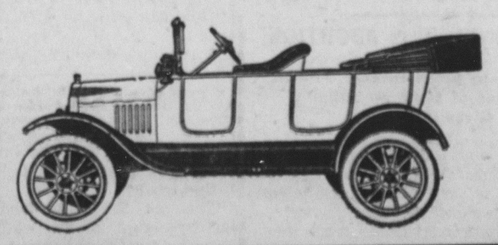
Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several months.

Enter your order today for immediate delivery with our authorized Ford agent listed below and don't be disappointed later on.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

PRICES

Runabout $345, Touring Car $360, Coupelet $505
Town Car $595, Sedan $645, f. o. b. Detroit



BOOZER & SMITH

CENTRE HALL, PA.

JAMES W. SWABB

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates, Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Application Blanks kept on hand Nov. 25 17.

ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE OR RENT

The Nathaniel Brown property at Farmers Mills. A desirable home; ideal place for fruit and chickens; contains 3 acres of land. For terms inquire of John F. Hagan on premises or address—
W. A. BROWN, Admr.
14 o.21 pd. Huntingdon Pa

STORE ROOM FOR RENT with [illegible] houses, located on diamond at Boalsburg. A good chance for some good business man, rent reasonable. Apply to H. O. BARR, manager Boalsburg Estate, Boalsburg, Pa.

WANTED.—Good girl or woman for general housework. Apply to MRS. CHARLES A. RICE, Reedsville, Pa. tf.

HATCHING EGGS FOR SALE.—From Single Comb White Leghorn [illegible], a flock comprising the best stock of two famous breeders. Bred to [illegible] a heavy laying strain of [illegible]. Price [illegible] per [illegible]. Order early.—W. F. [illegible], [illegible], Pa. 3t pd